

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSUR-
ANCE is easy. INDIAN
INSURANCE COM-
PANIES are ready
with their service.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the
place of one's own
country. ONE'S OWN
INSURANCE COM-
PANIES are the BEST.

Anglo-French 'Entente' Against Italy?

Military And Naval Staffs Confer

Mutual Assistance Plan To Meet
Possible Attack On British
Forces

CLASH WITH EGYPTIAN PATROLS

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 23.

It is learned that the British and French Military as well as Naval Staffs were recently in contact in connection with possible mutual assistance in the event of an Italian attack on the British forces.

Members of the British Military and Naval Staffs conferred a little time ago at Paris and the talks were described in London as very satisfactory.

ITALIAN BOMBERS ON KENYA BORDER

Return To Their Base Rid-
dled With Holes

ASMAR, Dec. 23. Fourteen Italian bombing planes which participated in a raid on the border of Kenya have returned to their base riddled with holes made by Abyssinian bullets.

The anti-aircraft fire by the Abyssinians is described as intense. Two Italians—an officer and an observer were wounded in the raid.—Indian Allied News.

ITALY'S FIGHT IS WITH BRITAIN

ROME, Dec. 23. Writing in the columns of the official inspired "Giornale d'Italia", Signor Gayda, the editor, declares that despite statements to the contrary, the Italo-Abyssinian trouble remains a conflict between Italy and Great Britain and not between Italy and the League of Nations.

Europe, says Signor Gayda, is thinking in disorder and the only clear tendencies are those of destruction.—Indian Allied News.

EGYPT STRENGTHENS HER DEFENCES

CAIRO, Dec. 23. In view of the possible developments in the international situation and Egypt's adherence to the sanctions, the Government has decided to strengthen the national defences and will retain with the colours for another six months about 4,000 troops whose five years' service expires on Dec. 31.—Reuter.

CONSCRIPTION LAW IN EGYPT?

Decree Cancels Discharge Of Reservists

CAIRO, Dec. 23. A Decree was promulgated yesterday cancelling the discharge for six months of 1200 Reservists. It is believed that the Decree foreshadows the introduction of a new conscription law which would increase the liability for service. This would be effected by lowering the necessary physical requirements and by abrogating the present right to purchase immunity from the obligation to serve.—Indian Allied News.

ROME'S VERSION OF TEMLIN BATTLE

ROME, Dec. 23. The battle between the Italians and 5,000 Abyssinians near Addis Ababa in Temelin was announced in a communique. The Abyssinians

favoured by the Terrain attacked. Italians supported by aircraft and artillery held the ground and advanced in a hand-to-hand encounter, and the enemy finally fled pursued by Eritrians. Casualties are not yet known.—Reuter.

ROME DISTRUSTS EDEN'S APPOINTMENT

(Special Cable.)

ROME, Dec. 23.

It is felt here that Britain's abandonment of Paris proposals together with the appointment of Capt. Eden to succeed one of its authors has brought the crisis possibly to the most injurious point yet reached. British residents fear recrudescence of anti-British demonstrations and the most optimistic observers neither see any sign of a new peace nor expect one. It is expected that military action in Abyssinia will again overshadow political developments and Italy is now in a mood to demand more rather than less than hitherto offered. Italians scoff at economic sanctions and oil embargo which alone worry them are generally considered here to be dead.

ITALO-EGYPTIAN CLASH RUMOURED

CAIRO, Dec. 23.

It is rumoured that there has been a clash on the Lybian frontier between Italian and Egyptian patrols. It is stated that shops have been fired on but nothing is officially known.

It is further reported, though the reports have not been confirmed, that the authorities have ordered the evacuation of civilians from Matruh which is 175 miles west of Alexandria. The wives of Egyptian soldiers have been ordered to leave the disturbed area although their departures have not yet begun.—Indian Allied News.

LAVAL GREETS EDEN

PARIS, Dec. 23.

There was considerable activity at the Quai d'Orsay this morning in connection with the latest developments in the Italo-Abyssinian situation.

M. Laval conferred with Signor Cerruti, the Italian Ambassador in Paris, Rushdi Aras, the Turkish Foreign Minister, and M. Politis, the Greek Minister in Paris.

The French Premier has sent a telegram of felicitation to Mr. Eden, the new British Foreign Secretary, expressing his sincere and confident friendship. M. Laval declares "I am happy to pursue with you our past concord and peace common to us both."—Indian Allied News.



Prize-winners of the S.N.D.P. Kanyashala at the Anniversary celebrated at the C. J. Hall on Saturday.

Hope Of Kamala Nehru's Recovery

BERLIN, Dec. 23.

Slight hope still exists about the recovery of Mrs. Kamala Nehru. Dr. Steffen told "Reuter": "Condition slightly improved. Weakness abated. Patient taking some nourishment again."

KAMALA NEHRU SINKING

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 23. The following telegram from

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was received yesterday afternoon: "Kamala's condition becomes suddenly critical." This was followed by another cable: "Kamala sinking. Inform Papa." Mahatma Gandhi was informed accordingly.—A. P.

Private advices received in Calcutta from Badenweiler (Germany) state that the condition of Mrs D. Kamala Nehru has suddenly taken a serious turn.—A. P.



Mrs. Kamala Nehru.

DEATH OF NEW DEAL

President Roosevelt Signs
Executive Order Ending
N.R.A. Administration

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.

President Roosevelt has signed the Executive Order transferring the National Recovery Administration to the Commerce and Labour Departments, thus ending the independent existence of N.R.A. which was once the keystone of the New Deal. Its career was ended by a thirteen words' order:

"The National Recovery Administration and all the offices of the Administrator thereof are hereby terminated."

The Secretary of Commerce has been directed to terminate the functions and duties of the agencies assigned by him by April 1.

CAPTAIN DIES SEQUEL TO POLO ACCIDENT

NEW DELHI, Dec. 23.

Intimation has been received of the death of Capt. R. H. Hannay, 14th/30th Hussars at Risalpur on December 22, as a result of polo accident.—A. P.

EDEN SEES KING

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 23.

Capt. Eden had audience with the King before kissing his hands on receiving the seal as Foreign Secretary at the Privy Council held at Sandringham.

GOLD PRICE

LONDON, Dec. 23. The price of gold was fixed today at 141s. 1d. per fine ounce.—Indian Allied News.

STOP PRESS

FIERCE BATTLE IN ADDIABBI REGION.

ASMAR, Dec. 23.

It appears that the battle near Addis Ababa began on Thursday last and lasted from sunrise to sunset. As soon as they were able to equip themselves with reinforcements, the Abyssinian forces re-attacked the Italians on the following Friday.

Despite the heavy barrage from the Italians, the Abyssinians were undaunted and advanced so close to the Italian lines that the Italian artillery were forced to cease fire.

A fierce battle ensued, but the details are not yet available. An official statement has, however, been issued to the effect that the hand to hand fighting lasted for hours.—Indian Allied News.

ITALIAN FORTIFICATIONS.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ATHENS, Dec. 23.

News of continued Italian fortification in the Dodecanese Islands is still reaching Greece. Twelve hundred tons of barbed wire were recently discharged in Rhodes. The Italian Air Force in the island of Leros is said to be 900 strong. Labour is being recruited all over the islands for construction of the underground fortifications and store houses in Stampalia. Seven cruisers, three destroyers ten tugs and other craft were recently reported in Leros and 18,000 troops are stationed in Rhodes.

MINERS TO MEET OWNERS

Move To Avert Coal Crisis In England

LONDON, Dec. 23.

It is announced that there will be a meeting on January 8 between the coal owners and representatives of the Miners' Federation.

It will be recalled that a meeting of the delegates of the Mine Workers' Federation held last Wednesday adopted the motion put forward on behalf of the Executive of the Federation recommending the delivery of strike notices between January 13 and January 20.

The notices were to expire on January 27 unless proposals were put forward on behalf of the coal owners in the meantime which were satisfactory to the Executive.—Indian Allied News.

SLAP ON ITALY'S FACE

Rome Reaction To Eden's Appointment

ROME, Dec. 23.

Capt. Anthony Eden's appointment has come like a slap on the face to Italy, though the full strength of the reaction is not yet discernible. The news spread rapidly in the City verbally, staggering politicians and the man in the street.

Capt. Eden is regarded here as an implacable enemy of Italy and any move he makes will be regarded distrustfully. It is stated that Mr. Baldwin could not have chosen a surer way of stiffening Italian resistance.—Reuter's Special.

VIENNA, Dec. 23.

The press here echoes the Italian concern over Capt. Eden's appointment.—Reuter's Special.

Students Capture Train To Capital

Nanking Scared By Anti-Autonomy Demonstrations In North

FEAR OF CLASH WITH JAPAN

(SPECIAL CABLE)

SHANGHAI, Dec. 23.

Student demonstrations continue to worry the North-China autonomists. Six hundred students rushed to the station and took possession of the train about to leave for Nanking. They were only evicted after the train had been delayed for several hours.

Fearing that the demonstrations would involve the country into a quarrel with Japan, the Chinese Government have invited the Chancellors of the universities all over the country and also a representative of the students to go to Nanking to confer on the whole subject.

STUDENTS' MARCH TO NANKING

Railway Officials Foil Attempt

SHANGHAI, Dec. 23. Railway officials have foiled

the attempt of three hundred students who had set out to reach Nanking to present a manifesto to the authorities against the "autonomy" regime in Northern China.

The officials secretly transferred regular passengers to another train and the students were left behind.—Indian Allied News.

LINDBERGH'S FLY FROM U.S.

On Secret Voyage With Son To England Due To Kidnapping Threat

(Special Cable.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.

Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh and their son, Jon, are the only three passengers aboard the steamer at present on the high seas "en route" to England in order to remove Jon from the constant threats of kidnapping and killing according to "New York Times," which states the Lindberghs secretly obtained passports a week ago without disclosing the name of the port and the sailing date of the steamer.

It is stated that kidnapping threats had increased markedly since Hauptmann was sentenced to death forcing the Lindberghs to leave the country and live in England permanently though they will not surrender the United States citizenship.

Their chief desire is to give Jon a normal childhood. It is believed that Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh are aboard the steamer "American Importer" due at Liverpool on Dec. 30.

DEPARTURE CAUSES SENSATION

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.

Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh's departure caused sensation throughout the country. Newspaper readers were at first sceptical of the truth of the report.

The Colonel's mother in Detroit knew nothing of the departure, but it is now definitely ascertained that Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh are at present on the high seas.

No Return Till Hauptmann Episode Is Forgotten

(Special Cable)

ENGLEWOOD (New Jersey), Dec. 23.

A close friend of the Lindbergh family declares emphatically that Mr. and Mrs. Lindbergh do not intend to reside in England permanently. But it is reliably believed that they would not return until the Hauptmann episode is forgotten.

NEW "PRESENT" OF REFORMS

U. P. Districts Faced With Amalgamation For Govt. Economy

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 23.

Great agitation has been caused in some districts of U.P. which are threatened with abolition as a result of economy measures due to heavy expenditure involved by the new (Reforms). These districts will be merged into other neighbouring districts irrespective of distance and area or even administrative efficiency, the sole consideration of Government apparently being financial. The farthest portions of one enlarged district will for instance include places nearly 75 miles from the headquarters of the district and are expected to be controlled by one District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police from such a distance.

Protest meetings and hartals have been observed in affected districts against this new "present" of reforms.

COLLECTOR'S 'HUKUM' TO MUNICIPALITY

Orders Not To Discuss Congress Jubilee

HYDERABAD, (Sind), Dec. 23.

The Collector of Hyderabad (Sind) has addressed a letter to the Hyderabad Municipality ordering it not to celebrate the Congress Golden Jubilee and not to discuss a resolution on the subject.

It will be remembered that on the proposal of one councillor the Municipality has been considering the question of celebration at several meetings but adjourned discussion from time to time.

An extraordinary meeting of the Council has been convened for to-morrow to consider the collector's letter.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLET'S ONE Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No. The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. The Advertisement Department. The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

My wife Bai Vishnulaxmi, Indoo, Ralkwal Brahmin by caste, the certificate of whose death by heart-failure, at Shastri Nityanand Ratneswar's house at Ralpur-Bodda Vaidhy's Khirkee, Ahmedabad dated 6-6-1930, has been obtained from the Ahmedabad Municipal Death-Register. Anyone knowing that she is still living may communicate with husband Rameshchandra, c/o Box 5368 "Bombay Chronicle."

Short-Stories Wanted: Romantic plots with Indian atmosphere but no slang figures of speech; for publication in English, Australian and American periodicals. Lengths 1-50 thous. Send stamp with MSS. (Not stamped envelope). S. Christopher Robinson, Film, Dramatic and Literary Agents, 37, Mortimer Market, London, W.C. 1. England. (2352).

2. MATRIMONIAL.

Applications are wanted for the hand of a young well educated fair Catholic girl Goan (Charod-do). Applicants must be well educated prospective young men. Handsome dowry. Box No. 5371 "Bombay Chronicle."

3. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a qualified and experienced Sanitary Inspector for Bhavnagar Municipality. The post is graded Rs. 40-25-00. Applicants must state clearly their age, native place qualification, experience etc., in their application which must reach the undersigned upto the 10th January 1936 (Friday) M. J. Bhatt, President, Bhavnagar Municipality. 2366.

Wanted Chief Storekeeper, Cashiers, assistants and garden supervisor for factory. Apply to-day Goldwyn & Co., Mahendra Mansions, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 5376.

Wanted—One Short-hand Typist knowing correspondence in Film line. Apply stating minimum salary required and experience to Box No. 5379 "Bombay Chronicle".

The Mill is going to start working night-shift from February 1936. Men required for Spinning, Weaving and Engineering departments. Only experienced hands need apply with certificates stating lowest salary acceptable to Manager. The Raja Bahadur Motilal Poonia Mills Ltd. Poonia. 5375.

Wanted B.A. (Hons.) or M.A. with Sanskrit, to handle Matric Sanskrit. Apply Box No. 5355, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified and experienced midwife, Gujarati knowing preferred. Apply with testimonials and stating the least salary expected to the Chief Medical Officer, Mangrol, Kathiawar. (2337).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

An experienced businessman with vast experience in East Africa Red Sea Ports and Sudan, willing to go abroad. Apply Box No. 5363, "Bombay Chronicle."

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To let from 1st January, 1936, Shops and Flats, Dhanraj Mahal, near Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road, modern sanitary conveniences. Geysers, Frigidaires, up-to-date comforts. Rents reasonable. Apply Controller of Estates, at site. (5364)

To Let from 1st January, 1936, Shops and Flats, Dhanraj Mahal near Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road, modern sanitary conveniences, Geysers, Frigidaires, up-to-date comforts. Rents reasonable. Apply Controller of Estates at site. (5336)

27. HOTELS

Bombay Savoy Hotel, Bar and Restaurant, next-door to Central Station with all modern comforts. Inclusive Rs. 4. Exclusive Rs. 2. (5308)

56. EDUCATIONAL

Well done:—Our December batch for Cambridge Senior have done well. We wish to all students and sympathisers a merry Christmas and happy New Year. Let Senior Cambridge Institute and Sirdar High School, 379, Lamington Road carry on the good work for you in 1936. 2370.

American Dental College. Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th January. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S., Karachi. (5340).

73 AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar Broach Baroda
Borivil Shusaval Dahod
Deolali Dhond Daman
Dhanu Road Golvad Karjat
Kasara Lonavla Manmad
Matheran Neral Navsari
Nasik Sholapur Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parson Bazaar Street, Fort.

121. DAILY WANTS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheap price Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamselji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi. 2362.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

1st Insertion		Rs. 7-0-0
2nd Insertion		Rs. 5-0-0
3rd Insertion		Rs. 4-0-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions		Rs. 3-0-0

Motusall Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

Messrs. HENRY DAVIS COMPANY, regret that a part of a consignment of SUNKIST oranges and grape fruit which they had ordered to be destroyed as being unmarketable has mysteriously and without their knowledge been sold in the market. They have taken steps to see that this will not occur again. They hereby assure their customers and the general public that all consignments of the Henry Davis Company can be depended upon to represent only first grade quality and perfect condition.

Dated this 23rd day of December, 1935.

HENRY DAVIS COMPANY.
Nanjil Building,
Elphinstone Circle, Fort. 2363.

THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on the 30th day of December, 1935 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 2A, Dharavi Road, Dharavi, Bombay.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 23rd day of December, 1935, to 30th day of December, 1935 (both days inclusive). For the Western India Tanneries, Ltd.

PRATAP PANDIT & CO.,
Managing Agents. 5372.

S. S. "PACIFIC MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 22nd December, 1935, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

T. HIROSE,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

WANTED.

A MEDICAL GRADUATE to teach Pathology, Bacteriology and Physiology in the Tibbia College of the Aligarh Muslim University. He will be expected to do teaching and Laboratory work. The medium of instruction in the Tibbia College is Urdu. The scale of pay is 175-10-250 but higher initial salary may be given according to qualifications. Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Registrar, Muslim University, Aligarh, by the 15th January, 1936. 2365.

"THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA, LTD.

THE ASSOCIATION HEREBY GIVES NOTICE to all whom it may concern, that it has been notified of the loss (or destruction) of Policy No. 346870 issued by the Association of the life of Dr. Ramanlal Thakorda Desai and that at the end of one calendar month from this date a Duplicate Policy will be issued in place of the lost (or destroyed) Policy unless within the said period of one calendar month objection against the issue of such Duplicate Policy is lodged with the Association at its Office at 15 and 15A Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

HUGH POLLETT,
Resident Secretary.
Bombay, 23rd December, 1935. 2362.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the Public Auction held under the instructions from the Acting Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and the effects of the insolvent Ramjanali K. Thaver, our client was the highest bidder and declared to be the purchaser of the right, title and interest of the said insolvent in the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property, or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, Ebrahim Building, 6, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

Bungalow known as "Ralef" situated on leasehold land portion of Survey No. 82 at Village of Versova, Record of Right Entry No. 25D, Sub-Registration District of Bandra, Taluka Salsette, measuring about 1300 square yards, with messuages buildings standing thereon and bounded on the North by property of Mr. R. P. Masani, on South by Mehernbai Dinsha Talati, on East Government Public Road, and on West Seashore of Versova. Dated this 23rd day of December, 1935.

LAKHIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 2368.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that Mr. NENSHI BHOJRAJ, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim to or against or interest in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, incumbrance, lien, charge, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest not so made known in writing as aforesaid and the same will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL those two pieces or parcels of land or ground now formed into one with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon, lying and being at the Village Kirole in the Bombay Suburban District, Taluka South Salsette and Sub-District Bandra in the Bombay Presidency, measuring 5765 square yards or thereabouts being entry No. 959 Survey Nos. 71, 72 and 73 Pot No. 2 and Pot Hissa Nos. 1, 2 and 5 of Survey No. 73 and Ghatkopar Kiroli Municipal C Ward Nos. 98B, 98C, 98E, 98F, 98G, 98H, and bounded on or towards the East by common private passage and beyond the property of Naoraji Merwanji, on or towards the South partly by the public passage and partly by the property of Maneklal Amulakhrai, on or towards the West by public passage and on or towards the North by the property of Parmanand Ratanji and Chhotalal Jivan. Dated this 23rd day of December, 1935.

MOHILE PAREKH & MANECKLAL
Purchaser's Attorneys. 2364.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from Messrs. Goherrally Jewahbhoy and Sons, (Pledges) and on account and at risk of the firm of Messrs. Jamnadas Chhaganlal (Pledgers) one hundred shares of Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd. of the face value of Rs. 150 each standing in the name of Bai Ujjambal Bhawanji will be sold by Public Auction at the Auction Rooms of the undersigned, at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday, the 19th day of January 1936 at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

Particulars and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI GULBAI widow and executrix of Merwanji Rustomji Dadina has contracted to sell to our client ALL that piece of land with the dwelling house and structures standing thereon, situate at Bandra on the Old Ghodbunder Road opposite Dr. D'Monte's Dispensary containing by admeasurement 1307 square yards and bearing N. A. No. 23 and Bandra Municipal No. 1 and 1A—Khar Road, Bandra and bounded on the North by a public lane, on the South by N. A. No. 24 the property of Rayasi Bhula and beyond by the Hill Road on the East by N. A. Nos. 25 and 26 the properties of the Trustees of Rama's Temple and Manekji Khariwalla respectively and on the West by the Old Ghodbunder Road also known as Khar Road.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 13-19 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 23rd day of December, 1935.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN
Purchaser's Attorneys.

From NEXT SATURDAY (28th December)

You Cannot Have
BETTER than the BEST
WE GIVE YOU THE BEST
And that is

KHOON-KA-KHOON

An Urdu Adaptation of
SHAKESPEARE'S
Greatest Play

H-A-M-L-E-T

Never before has there been
offered a production of such
magnitude in theme on an
Indian Screen
It plays upon the Emotions
to the Limit.
Convincingly Acted

Starring SORAB MODI

(Hamlet)
Beautiful NASEEM (Ophelia)
SHAMSHAD CHHAMIER
(Gertrude)

The Court-songstress of Indian
States of U. P. and PUNJAB and
Columbia Records and Radio fame
And many Talented Artists

Commencing at

MINERVA

The Home of Best Pictures
Direction:
Western India Theatres, Ltd.

REMEMBER SAT. 28th DEC.

P L A Z A

at foot of Tilak Bridge, Dadar
TO-NIGHT 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

GAY DIVORCEE GAY DIVORCEE GAY DIVORCEE GAY DIVORCEE

RKO Radio's musical miracle

with

FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS

WELLINGTON

MATINEE TO-DAY AND
TO-MORROW AT 3-30 p.m.
Three Shows to-day and To-morrow 3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.

**Grand Special Change
of Programme**
for the MERRY X'MAS WEEK!
**COMMENCING FROM
To-day**
and upto Friday only!

Of all glad words of tongue or
pen, the sweetest are these....

"WE'RE RICH AGAIN"

the cock-eyed history of a family,
who slid to glory on a financial
banana peel—with the bewitching

MARION NIXON
and the pet idol comedian

REGINALD DENNY
Billie Burke-Buster Crabbe

"WE'RE RICH AGAIN"
Plans open Phone 22366

The Management of LAXMI CINEMA

Lalbaug—Parel

(the most up-to-date theatre in
the Mill area)

has the pleasure to announce a

RARE TREAT

for their

SOUTH INDIAN PATRONS

SPECIALLY for X'MAS

LAVA-KUSHA

A TELUGU

Musical Mythological Super—

in

Morning shows only

on

To-day (Tuesday the 24th Dec.)

To-morrow (Wed. the 25th Dec.)

and

on Thursday, the 26th Dec.

at

11 a.m. ONLY

(MORNING)

Note: An opportunity like this

comes up rarely.

Fall not to make the best of it.

THE MANAGEMENT OF KOHINOOR CINEMA

DADAR (B.B.)
(The favourite talkie-house of
Bombay Suburbites for
last 7 years)

has pleasure to

announce a

RARE TREAT

for their

SOUTH INDIAN PATRONS

SPECIALLY for X'MAS

BHAKTA

PRALHAD

A TAMIL MUSICAL

SUPER

In morning shows

To-day (Tuesday the 24th Dec.)

To-morrow (Wed. the 25th Dec.)

on Thursday, the 26th Dec.

and

Sunday, the 29th Dec.

at

9-30 and 11-30 a.m.

(Morning)

YE TAMIL LOVERS!!

Fall not to enjoy this treat in

Xmas — — —

COME ON! LOVERS OF TAMIL TALKIES

Only 3 Shows—Morning At 10-30 A. M.

NALLA THANGAL

To-day, To-morrow & Thursday 26th Morning
At 10-30 A. M.

APOLLO SURYA TALKIES

Near Tata Mill—Parel Poibavdi—Tram Junction

Sat. 28th Sun. 29th & Tues. 31st Dec. '35

WED. DHRUVA MORNING

1st JAN. 36 AT 10-30 A. M.

THE MANAGEMENT OF KOHINOOR CINEMA

Dadar—B. B.
(the favourite theatre of Bombay
Suburbites for last 7 years)

wishes a

HAPPY AND MERRY CHRISTMAS

to all their

WORTHY PATRONS

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SEAMEN'S HARDSHIPS

Mr. N. M. Joshi Pleads For International Convention At I. L. O.

The following is the speech delivered on 29th November last by Mr. N. M. Joshi, Indian seamen's delegate to the I. L. O. Preparatory Maritime Conference which concluded its session last Saturday at Geneva.

"Indian seamen, like the seamen of other countries, have keenly felt disappointment that the International Labour Organisation has not been able to tackle successfully some of the important problems concerning their life and work, especially the question of hours of work. I am therefore glad that this question with the allied question of manning, has again come up for discussion at this meeting. Indian seamen will watch the progress of the work of this meeting with keenness, interest and expectation. The conditions under which Indian seamen live and work are much worse than those of European seamen. The great disparity between the living and working conditions of European and Indian seamen exists as regards wages also, but that question is not before this meeting.

INDIAN SEAMEN UNPROTECTED

"As regards the regulation of hours of work manning, the Indian Merchant Shipping Act makes little provision to safeguard the interests and well-being of seamen; and there is only the general requirement, in the interests of safety, for maintaining some complement of officers in the case of British ships sailing from Indian ports, and of officers, and seamen, in the case of ships carrying Indian passengers and pilgrims. Nor do the Articles of Agreement signed on entering service on a ship contain any reference to hours of work. Moreover, Indian seamen have not yet been able to secure any collective agreements with the shipowners in this respect.

"In these circumstances, a proper Convention passed by the International Labour Organisation will be of great assistance to Indian seamen as an aid to bringing home to the Government and to shipowners the need for the regulation of hours of work and for avoiding the consequences of overwork.

POSITION OF FOREIGN SHIPS
"There is a further argument for the International regulation of hours of work and manning in the case of Indian seamen. Although the number of Indian

TRADE UNIONISM IS THE ONLY HOPE OF MASSES

Where Can They Look For Support If It Is Destroyed?, Asks American Labour Leader

In his presidential address before the American Federation of Labour, Mr. William Green gives sound reasons for the necessity of the Trade Union movement and gives wholesome advice to Trade Union workers which the Indian workers too would do well to study.

The paramount importance of the organised labour movement as the only existing agency for the protection of the toiling masses in their struggle for economic justice, a tabloid picture of some of labour's outstanding achievements in the legislative field and a militant continuation of the fight against the foes of the workers were among the most important points stressed by him.

The following are some extracts from his address—

WORKED IN COAL MINES

"This is an historic convention. I think I can, without fear or successful contradiction, declare that no more historic convention of the American Federation of Labour was ever held. During its deliberations, while in the crucible of consideration and debating, we have been torn by conflicting emotions, we realize, after all, that we have come through

seamen serving on ocean-going ships is large, the number of ships owned by people in India and registered in India is very small. Therefore out of the total number of Indian seamen only a small proportion work on ships registered in India. A large number of the men work on British ships, and there are also those who work on ships under other flags. The Indian Merchant Shipping Act applies fully only to ships registered in India. The number of which is very small. It is also applicable to some extent to British ships sailing from Indian ports; but it can hardly give any protection to Indian seamen working on ships which are neither registered in India nor in Great Britain. In these circumstances, International regulation of hours of work and manning is the only method by which Indian seamen can receive full protection as regards conditions of work.

"I hope, therefore, that the present discussions will terminate in the formulation of a satisfactory Convention in 1936, and that it will in due course be ratified by the Government of India." A. P.

with colours flying and our ranks indissoluble and intact.

"As President Lewis has said, I came from the mines. I gained my trade union education in the United Mine Workers' organization, and through years of service and association it was but natural that I would develop a trade union philosophy and a trade union psychology. That is the experience of the minor who works in the mines and who is associated with dangers, seen and unseen, through years of service.

SOLUTION OF INTERNAL PROBLEMS.

"In this convention I have found myself alternating between my devotion to that great union with which have been associated all my life and my love and respect and admiration for every union represented in this convention.

"I conceive it to be the duty of a leader of this great movement to render such a service as may be possible in bringing about a solution of our internal problems, as well as to carry on the fight for economic and industrial advancement. I consider it my duty to put forth every effort possible to find a basis of solution, a basis of accommodation upon which our organized labour movement may stand.

"We, of course, are men possessed of strong opinions, possessors of a trade union psychology, and as red blooded men we stand up and fight for our convictions and for our opinions. And perhaps in the heat of debate, when zeal may carry us altogether beyond the limits, we may say something that will cut and hurt. But, my friends, we are men—men who deal with difficult problems every day and we are not going to treasure with our hearts and minds any feeling towards any man who, in the heat of debate, may cut and hurt by something that has been said.

"So it becomes our duty now to forget. The debate is over. The problems have been solved. A settlement has been made, and in this convention we must go out united, because the interests of those we represent demand that we shall do so.

TRADE UNIONS ARE WORKERS' HOPE.

"To me the great trade union movement is a religion in itself. It pulls upon my heart and my emotions, as it does upon yours, and it is the instrumentality through which the workers of the nation hope to realize their hopes and their aspirations.

"If it is destroyed, to what can they turn? Where can they look with any hope? To what source may they turn in their hour of need, or what instrumentality can they employ? So the trade union movement must live, because through it the workers must voice their expressions, they must realize their hopes and aspirations through the great American labour movement.

GAINS IN ORGANIZATION.

"I realize as you do that we have not accomplished all. The workers are not all organized into the American Federation of Labour. We have carried on the fight, however, just as aggressively as it has been possible to do so. "We might ask why the church has not saved all the sinners. The doors are open to all. The appeal is made, but the church has not failed because it has not saved all the sinners in the world. "Neither has our movement failed because, in 55 years, we have failed to organize every man and every woman eligible to membership into the American Federation of Labour.

"I look at the movement across the sea, and there I find that our brothers in Great Britain have an organized labour movement much older than ours which has not in itself succeeded in organizing all the workers in Great Britain. Four million men and women are organized into the British Trades Union Congress, with a potential membership of from fourteen to eighteen million.

"If they have not reached the maximum and realized their full hopes and aspirations, can we not be patient as we plod on and fight on toward the realization of our goal?

INDUSTRIAL OR CRAFT UNION.
"There are those who differ regarding the organization policies that should be pursued by this

Labourites To Meet In Nagpur

Question Of Trade Union Unity To Figure Prominently

Mr. R. W. Fulay, M.L.C., Chairman, Reception Committee, of the N. T. U. F. has addressed the following circular to all the affiliated unions.

"You are already aware that the second session of the National Trades Union Federation will be held on the 29th, 30th and 31st December 1935 at Nagpur. In view of the fact that important problems affecting labour such as unemployment, the policy of wage-cut throughout the Textile mills, and Rys. reduction of the working hours and also other questions are to be discussed, it is hoped that the affiliated Unions will send as many delegates as possible. The Reception Committee will make arrangements for providing lodging for the delegates. The place where lodging will be provided is close to Hindu hotels where vegetarian food will be served. If, however, any delegate desires to have non-vegetarian food, he may kindly inform so that necessary arrangement will be made for such delegates. The delegate fee will be Rs. 2 for each delegate and each delegate is expected to pay for his food charges. The climate of Nagpur during the month of December is cold and it would be better if the delegates make adequate arrangement for warm clothing. During the X'mas Week in Nagpur there is the session of the National Liberal Federation; Swadeshi Exhibition in Chitnavis Park; there is also a session of the Indian Educational Conference; and the All-India Medical Conference.

From the Press statement published by Mr. Ruiker, it appears that the Executive Committee of the Trade Union Congress will also meet at about the same time and probably the question of labour unity will figure prominently in the discussions of both the bodies. The delegates are therefore requested to ascertain the views of their respective organisations previously in the important problems affecting labour.

American Federation of Labour. The opinions of men who differ have been courageously and convincingly submitted to this convention.

"There are those who believe that those employed in certain lines of industry should be members of one big organization. There are those who believe differently, and each one honestly in his or her opinion.

"But somehow or other the American Federation of Labour possesses within it the resourcefulness, and the power to find a basis of accommodation and to discipline itself to accept the rule of the majority.

"We have made achievements here. We have composed our differences along many lines, and go out from here happy beyond measure, finding words inadequate to express my happiness and pleasure over the fact that within our own councils and within our own family we found a solution of the differences existing between building trades organizations. To me that is an achievement unsurpassed and unequalled in the history of our organized labour movement.

LEGISLATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS.
"But in our great movement we have succeeded, we have achieved in the legislative field.

"This is the movement that can claim credit for the defeat of the confirmation of Judge Parker when he was appointed to the Supreme Court of the United States.

"This is the movement that can claim credit for securing the enactment of the Norris-La Guardia Act.

"This is the movement that has brought the six-hour day to an increasing number of workers.

"This is the movement that brought about a restoration of pay for Government employees and the 40-hour week for the postal employees and the letter carriers of the nation.

"This is the movement that has carried on the fight until we have secured approval of the Child Labour Amendment to the Constitution of the United States by 24 sovereign States.

"I wish that we could properly appraise the great service of our movement to humanity. We can not do that. Our minds can scarcely comprehend it its importance and its significance.

"I realize the difficulties that must be encountered? We shall face them bravely and courageously.

Machine And Unemployment

Why Should Men Work Long And Hard When They Can Produce More And Easily With Machines?

(By "A Post-Graduate in Unemployment")

The article of Mr. L. V. Mehta welcoming discussion on the unemployment question is a sign that people are getting anxious and serious on the problem. It is a good augury.

That the Europeans have created unemployment (with machines) cannot be an argument in support of Indian machine-breakers who "want to solve" the unemployment problem, as they say. They can be, and it is intended to show they are, as wrong as the European capitalists and socialists, who are for machines and industrialisation without any purpose and hope.

CHEAP PRODUCTION

The machines are necessary for any competition in selling. Both anti-capitalists and anti-socialists want to sell and produce as cheaply as possible, especially as other countries are already manufacturing with the aid of machines. Machines are aids in economising the employment of finance capital, even more than in employing labour to the least extent with the highest results. Why pay enormous sums for work by hand and wait long for the products? That is the argument of any man or organisation employing money and trying to sell.

If selling goods goes on, machines will necessarily displace hand labour, even if an Indian Soviet Government decides to employ only hand workers. Otherwise, the production and supply of goods will go on too slowly, not to speak of over exertion of muscles.

If all these present day machine destroyers came to office, they would look with different eyes. For their state and private interests would then tell them that they can get more revenue out of machines than out of hand labour and, therefore, they would start just the opposite theory: earn by whatever is profitable. Hand can never successfully compete with machines, even where quality work is demanded, especially where mass consumption articles are required.

If it was not for the necessity for competitive selling—selling is always competition—, costly machines would neither have been invented nor could have been employed. The inventors would not have found a buyer for their ideas nor the manufacturers would have found buyers for their machines. To-day, good rationalising machines are not sold as much as in the boom years a few years ago, because there is no chance of selling even cheap products turn out with their aid. When the chances of selling are dwindling down, even existing factories are sure to be closed, in spite of the more-machines-the-better for employment and selling theorists.

If, however, prosperity, i.e., selling, returns, the anti-machine theorists will themselves become pro-machineists, for the "returns" will be greater with machines than with hands.

MINDS AND MACHINES

The mind can neither force machines to be employed nor prevent their being employed, but only tries to adapt itself in order to get the best out of the situation so far as it continues. Otherwise, mind changes. When selling is no longer possible, even hand work will cease to be employed by anti-machineists. When Babu Rajendraprasad or Sjt. Kumarappa says that a hand work exhibition will give employment and bread for millions of people, they are only propagandising what is obviously impossible and doomed. Such a propaganda is possible to make, only when even machine goods are impossible to sell. But if any goods can be sold, this propaganda will be laughed at and laughed out, for machine goods will be more easily sold than hand made goods and there will be no chance for the latter. To-day, even machine goods cannot give work or food and this ridiculous to expect that hand work will give employment and remuneration. Getting into a new trouble and impossibility is not exactly getting out of another.

The want of employment is not due to machines or industrialisation but only to want of sales. If goods manufactured whether in industry or agriculture cannot be sold with sufficient returns, both machine and hand manufacture, industry and agriculture will cease, cannot be carried on "for selling." No Bolshevik communism can make them run.

Nor the anti-machineists can run the selling principles. We must be sold if food has to be got. But if goods cannot be sold, work will cease and food cannot be got. This applies to agriculture as much as to industry and services. No Government can be run when selling ceases even if all things are taken over by the state. That is the problem in capitalist countries and Soviet Russia alike. How to sell with sufficient revenue. The crisis is another name, a single word, for the impossibility of selling.

True they cannot solve the problem, that of selling, at all with the help of machines. Can India or any other country sell agricultural or hand made products more easily than industrial and machine products? Here dogmatism is employed to say Yes, while in Europe it is employed in favour of industry and machines.

RAPID PRODUCTION

When, however, selling ceases, as it is coming now to a vanishing point, the question will arise: How to produce goods most rapidly and easily to supply all. At that time, hand work even in agriculture cannot solve the problem. The question in agriculture itself will be: How to employ machines and rationalisation in it, how to industrialise agriculture. Instead of employing a few for long hours of work at hardest jobs, as hand-work theorists want, the first problem will be how to employ all for shortest periods, doing the lightest work. Rationalisation and machines alone can solve the problem and, therefore, will come into existence in all branches more than even tried till now.

The anti-machine theorists will be nowhere then, as much as the capitalist and Bolshevik pro-machine theorists are getting nowhere now.

Why should anyone work long and hardest when all can produce even more than now with the help of machines working shortest and easiest? Anyway, the non-employment of machines will not only not provide employment but also not make selling possible; nor will machines "stop growing."

(Continued from Colm. 7.)
nouncement that the Preparatory Conference has requested the I.L.O. Office to prepare for submission to the 1936 I.L.O. Maritime Conference, a Draft Convention embodying the 48-hour week proposal. The measure of support accorded to the 48-hour week by Governments and shipowners at the Preparatory Conference furnishes ample guarantee for its adoption by the 1936 Conference.

United Press.

HOURS OF WORK FOR SEAMEN

Preparatory Conference Approves 48-Hour Week

NEW DELHI. (By Mail)

An important subject discussed at the Preparatory Maritime Conference which recently concluded its session at Geneva was the regulation of hours of work on board ship, including manning. The Conference is the result of an agreement reached between the representatives of shipowners and seamen in the Joint Maritime Commission of the I.L.O. and its business was to prepare proposals on which definite decisions can be taken at the special maritime session of the International Labour Conference to be held in 1936.

It is well-known that the regulation of hours of work on board ship is in the forefront of seamen's demands. The movement in favour of a shorter working week for persons employed in industry and commerce on shore has made rapid progress during the last two or three years. The Conference itself has already adopted a general international Draft Convention affirming the principle of "a 40-hour week applied in such a manner that the standard of living is not reduced in consequence," and is actively considering the adoption of separate Draft Conventions for laying down detailed provisions as to the methods of applying this principle to specific classes of employment. It has also been found that the postponement of a second international discussion on hours of work on board ship has not prevented a number of countries from proceeding with regulation of the question nationally, taking the 8-hour day very largely as a basis.

OF IMPORTANCE TO INDIA

The documentation collected by the International Labour Office gives definite information on this point. A report drawn up in 1931, according to the replies received from Governments which were consulted in accordance with the decisions of the preceding Session of the I.L.O. Conference, contained the replies of 22 States. A later report prepared for the Preparatory Maritime Conference just concluded gave information concerning 8 more countries. From the data thus collected, the I.L.O. has noted that, since 1931, "there has been a progressive tendency in a number of countries not only towards new legislation for regulating hours of work on board ship, but also towards a wider application of the principles of the 8-hour day as the normal standard of seamen's working hours."

The question of hours of work is one of special importance to Indian seamen, as their conditions of life and work are greatly inferior to those of seamen of other countries. Indian seamen, therefore, would welcome the announcement that the 48-hour week will be adopted by the 1936 Conference.

(Continued in Colm. 6.)



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Sports Jottings From Here And There

ALL-INDIA
SELECTORS BOW
TO PUBLIC OPINION

(By J. C. MAITRA.)

The team for the next All-India Match against the Australians to be played at Calcutta on December 31 and January 1, 2 and 3 has just been announced. I am glad to note that the All-India Selectors have at last bowed to public opinion in selecting the fittest and the most deserving man, Major C. K. Nayudu, to lead the Indian team. It is a direct admission on their part that the Yuvaraj of Patiala hopelessly mismanaged the show in Bombay which culminated in the disgraceful rank of the Indians. I sincerely hope they have become wiser by the sad lesson taught them and that they will never try to repeat the mistake they committed on the last occasion.

"C. K." RE-ELECTED CAPTAIN. C. K. Nayudu has now been entrusted with the heavy responsibility which his broad shoulders seem capable of bearing with credit. After the last M. C. C. visit there was a studied and insidious campaign against him and his leadership. Accusations of various nondescript types were made on the sly by interested parties. I earnestly hope everybody will now forget those unsavoury and unsporting attacks and join in the common endeavour of carrying the Indian team to success. I trust the team spirit which was gloriously absent in the last team will be found in an abundant measure in the new combination and they will prove to the world that Indian players can work as disciplined a team under an able general as could be desired.

FLAWS IN THE SELECTIONS. I cannot say that I approve of all the men in the team. It is rather surprising that the selectors should have chosen the Yuvaraj of Patiala again when there are plenty of men of far higher calibre are available. The selection of Abdul Aziz of Karachi as wicket-keeper also requires some explanation by the selectors. From all reports from Poona where he played for Sind against Bombay in the Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship of India, it is clear that he was not at home on turf wicket. His selection is, therefore, a big gamble, and it is all the more mysterious that the selectors should have nominated him without seeing him in action. Would it not have been far better if they had selected S. M. Kadri and D. D. Hindlekar who have been doing great things recently, in their places?

WELCOME CHANGES. As was expected, Nayle, Pajla, Mubarak Ali and Amir Elahi have been dropped. It is very unfortunate that Vijay Merchant and Lal Singh are unable to play as they are not fit yet. Everybody

will welcome the reappearance of C. S. Nayudu after his recent illness. The inclusion of Mushtaq Ali, Baqa Jilani and L. P. Jai will no doubt strengthen the side considerably. I am glad that the rumour about the possible rejection of Wazir Ali has been falsified. It may be due to the record score of 268 not out which he put on at Calcutta last week-end after a brief spell of bad luck.

BETTER BOWLING AND FIELDING. The team will have an excellent variety of attack in Mahomed Nissar, Amar Singh, C. S. Nayudu, Baqa Jilani, Mushtaq Ali and Amarnath with C. K. Nayudu and Wazir Ali to lead a helping hand whenever necessary. "C. K." did very well, indeed, against the "Aussies" at Indore and I should not be surprised if he repeats the good work at Calcutta. A lot will depend upon the assistance the bowlers receive from the fielders and the wicket-keeper. On paper it looks that it would be much better than it has ever

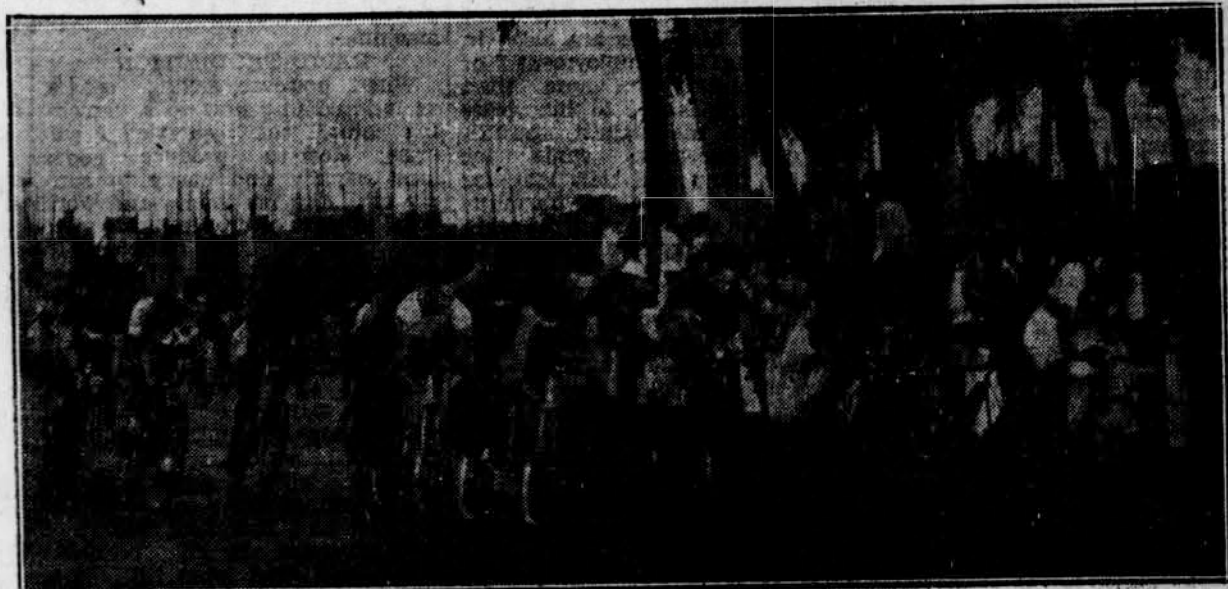
been. There are one or two weak spots; but they can be well covered by judicious placing of the field.

THE BATTING ORDER. I am not yet satisfied with opening pair of batsmen who are likely to be Mushtaq Ali and Abdul Aziz or Wazir Ali. The latter's performance against the Viceroy's XI mentioned above may be taken as a guarantee of his future success. I cannot, however, accept this single evidence and that, too, against bowlers far from the express type, for a certainty. In my opinion the batting order should be as follows:—(1) Mushtaq Ali, (2) Abdul Aziz, (3) Amarnath, (4) C. K. Nayudu, (5) Wazir Ali, (6) L. P. Jai, (7) Yuvaraj of Patiala, (8) C. S. Nayudu, (9) Baqa Jilani, (10) Amar Singh and (11) Nissar. If they play up to their reputation and form, they can easily put up a big score against the tourists.

THE AUSTRALIAN CHANGES. It is reported that Alexander,

Allsop, Nagel and Ironmonger will not be able to play at Calcutta. It is good news to hear that Nagel has now fully recovered from his illness and Allsop is well on the way to recovery. The tourists are sure to feel keenly the absence of the great spin bowler, Ironmonger, who tied down our batsmen into a knot and bundled them out in Bombay. Some of the latter may heave a sigh of relief at this.

The Australian team will then compose of (1) Ryder, (2) Macartney, (3) Wendell Bill, (4) Bryant, (5) Morrisby, (6) Hendry, (7) Ellis, (8) Love, (9) Oxenham, (10) Mair and (11) Leather. With the inclusion of Macartney and coming into form of Hendry, the visitors' batting will be much stronger than before. But with better bowling and fielding on the home side, it should not be difficult to check their score reasonably. Anyway, a keen struggle may be expected at Calcutta.



The 15-Miles Cycle Race run under the auspices of the B. A. A. C. on Sunday which was won by Malcolm (2nd in picture).

MALCOLM WINS 15-MILE CYCLE RACE

But Takes More Time To Accomplish It Than In Previous Years

The Bombay Amateur Athletic Club held its fourth annual 15-miles Cycle Race on Sunday, the 22nd inst. Twenty-two competitors faced the starter at the Pandey Sanatorium, Cuffe Parade out of the 26 that had entered.

From the start the cyclists kept up a good pace and kept together

in a bunch. At the Opera House corner, which was reached in 8 mins. 30secs. N. K. Dubash was slightly leading from the rest.

The competitors went hurtling at a cracking pace through Hughes Road, Warden Road, Hornby Vellard, but approaching Worli, the turning-point, they slowed down, the time here being 20 mins. 59secs. since the start. N. B. Mahaya was leading the field with V. L. Pal, W. Turner and Shanker Bhawoo close behind.

Nearing Kemps Corner on the return journey, N. K. Dubash was in the lead, followed very closely by the crack veterans Malcolm, Guard, Bestani and Gerard, who had moved up in position.

Malcolm Wins. Down Hughes Road, the pace was hot, but on Queen's Road, they slowed up again, probably trying to keep their energies in reserve for the final sprint. They reached the Oval in 38 mins. 50 secs. and from there taking one round of the Oval, the cyclists began sprinting. Malcolm crossed the line first a few yards ahead of Bestani and Guard, the time being 41 mins. 36secs. which was

slower than last year's done by the same person.

The following were the first six to finish and were awarded cups: 1. B. Malcolm (B.E.S.T. Sports Club).

2. A. K. Bestani (Sassanian Wheelers).

3. J. B. Guard (B.B. and C.I. Rly.).

4. S. N. Koli (Matunga Vyayam Shala).

5. S. J. Shroff (Sassanian Wheelers).

6. N. B. Irani (Bombay Amateur Athletic Club).

After the race, Mr. Abraham, introduced Mr. Mahomed Suleman Mitha, M.L.C., J.P., who distributed the trophies and eulogised his public services. He stressed the need of more playgrounds for the city.

Mr. Mahomed Suleman Mitha addressing the gathering assured them that under the new scheme of the Municipality and the Improvement Trust, provision has been made for more playgrounds, especially in the north of the city.

Mr. D. B. Taraporewala, the secretary of the club proposed a vote of thanks to the chair.

Acceptances For Thursday's Races

Card Of Nine Events Provided On Boxing Day

The following are the acceptances for the Seventh Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held on Thursday, December 26 (Boxing Day).

1st Race: 1-45 p. m.

THE BUSHIRE PLATE, (Div. I.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. For Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1935, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties—Winners, once 7 lbs.; often-er, 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Moofid Shammar 9-3, Iraq Bahadur 8-13, Time Limit 8-13, Rudolf 8-13, Tarick Beg 8-13, Abin Ziyad 8-9, Faisal 8-6, Honesty 8-6, Saaya 8-6, Young Collector 8-6, Jewan 8-6, Bahar Neel 8-6, Nas-

sar Allah 8-6, Walk Over 8-6, Golden Crown 8-6, Maavan 8-2 and Amin 8-2.

2nd Race: 2-15 p. m.

THE BUSHIRE PLATE, (Div. II.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. For Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1935, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties—Winners, once 7 lbs.; often-er, 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs. Mosul Prince 9-2, Dhibban 8-13, New Hilla 8-13, Jamil al Hussan

8-13, Jankiz Khan 8-13, Mujhim 8-13, Turf Boy 8-6, Bright 8-6, Violence 8-6, Best Wish 8-6, Noor Mahal 8-6, Al Barid 8-6, Aden 8-6, Taj Hilla 8-6, Kanz al Dowla 8-6 and Neptune 8-6.

3rd Race: 2-45 p. m.

THE AMARA PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III, W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1934, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over 7 lbs. or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Up-to-Date 8-10, Mherab 8-10, Injeman II 8-10, Maneck 8-8, Al Munbil 8-5, Al Barmaki 8-4, Tofan Beg 8-4, Mahboobat Tariq 8-2, Bani Khasraj 8-2, Mabrook 8-1, Jawad Pasha 8-1, Kalekhan 8-1, Krishna 8-1, Anant 8-1 and Salt Antar 7-9.

4th Race: 3-15 p. m.

THE HEATH PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV. Honeyuckle 9-4, Cryptogram 8-4, Oratorio 8-13, Irish Broad-cast 8-9, Greek Jack 8-4, Goblin 8-3, Chapel 8-2, Thornham 7-12 and Risholme 7-7.

5th Race: 3-45 p. m.

THE CRAVEN STAKES.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 5,000; second, Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II. Grecian Orb 9-4, Maid of Orleans 9-0, Redress 8-10, Lady Brendan 8-7, Staff Officer 8-5, Fairford 7-12, and Camille 7-7.

6th Race: 4-15 p. m.

THE BATHURST PLATE.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner, Rs. 3,500; second, Rs. 1,250; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III. Boune Tete 9-4, Dandy Brush 8-12, Phare 8-11, Kirkibost 8-7, Inverlga 8-5, Cash Sweep 8-2, Leicester Lady 8-5, Francolin 8-5, Monreale 8-0, Lucky Land 7-13, Young Bachelor 7-13, Wagon Hill 7-10, Bright Nigger 7-9, Manipulator 7-9 and Tree Top 7-8.

7th Race: 4-45 p. m.

THE STEWARDS' CUP.—Distance 1½ miles.

A Cup value Rs. 750; or in specie at the option of the winner, and Rs. 6,000; from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,400; third, Rs. 600. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV. Zorawar 9-4, Running Sea 9-4, Rosette 8-12, Maycock 9-1, Skavala 9-1, Pratap Sinha 9-0, It 8-13, Sky Hawk 8-7, Lingo 8-7, Nadova 8-0, Fair Greek 7-13, Emerald 7-4 and Hatless 7-0.

8th Race: 5-15 p. m.

THE LITTLETON HANDICAP.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 7,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II. Masked Jester 9-0, Abundance 7-9, Dinos 8-11, Garcon 8-4, Royal Prince 7-9, Pin Money 7-8, Misty Dawn 7-2, and Knight's Adventure 7-2.

9th Race: 5-45 p. m.

THE HARBOUR PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,400; third, Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I. Karam Allah 9-5, Yawir Awar 9-3, Vershan 9-3, Burgess 9-1, Baden 7-8, Rajput 8-11, White Flower 8-11, Al Hamdi 8-6, Watchmaker 8-2, Farhan Pasha 8-0, Pasha 7-13, Mujbil Hatim 7-11, Adhba II 7-10, Janoos 7-9, Argonaut 7-9, Blanche 7-8, Queen Singer 7-4, Green Lawn 7-0, Rushdi 7-0, Lucky Boy 7-0.

Australian Batting And Bowling Averages

Ryder Retains Leadership In Batting

FRANK TARRANT SPRINGS A SURPRISE

In the batting order, Ryder retained his leadership, although his average has gone down from 80.2 to 63.7. Morrisby has surrendered his second place to the veteran Macartney who has moved up by virtue of his previous scores. It was altogether a poor batting week for the tourists, their high-

BATTING		I.	notout	H. Score	T.	A.
Ryder	11	3	139*	511	63.7	
Macartney	2	0	106	115	57.5	
Morrisby	10	1	80	435	48.3	
Wendell Bill	10	1	107	353	39.2	
Ellis	5	2	53*	111	37.	
Bryant	14	2	155	400	33.4	
Oxenham	10	4	44	161	26.5	
Love	10	3	46	181	26.4	
Allsop	8	0	51	203	25.4	
Wane	2	0	27	46	23.	
Leather	7	2	41	106	21.1	
Hendry	12	1	77	226	20.6	
Ironmonger	3	1	21*	25	12.5	
Nagel	4	0	21	47	11.8	
Mair	8	0	42	90	11.2	
Alexander	7	2	12	30	6	

BOWLING		O.	M.	R.	W.	A.
F. Tarrant	7	3	12	2	6	
Macartney	8	4	6	1	6	
Oxenham	238.2	112	422	50	8.22	
Ryder	54.5	18	168	10	16.8	
Nagel	128.2	45	283	18	15.1	

N. B.* Denotes not out.

Leather 135.5 35 318 19 16.14

Mair 97 11 687 34 20.7

Hendry 46 9 115 4 28.3

Alexander 84.2 15 212 7 30.2

N.B.—Oxenham has one more wicket to his credit but its cost being missed in the reports it has been omitted from the average.



When insects endanger your family's health—

Don't take chances with inferior insecticides



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Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Post Box 431, BOMBAY.

You look well
In and feel well

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Sports Wear

PULLOVERS·TENNIS VESTS
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ILLUSTRATED LEAFLETS FREE FROM DEPT.
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and
M/s. FAMOUS PICTURES, Bombay
wish
the lovers of "PRABHAT" Art

A Merry Christmas

Directed by
V. SHANTARAM
with
BALGANDHARVA RATNA PRA-
BHA & VASANTEE in the lead.
Meet them to-day at

Their LATEST TALKIE hit

Dharmatma

A BALGANDHARVA PRABHAT Picture
A Musical Hindi Super is
DRAWING RECORD-BREAKING HOUSES
in its
3rd GLORIOUS WEEK
at
KRISHNA TALKIES
Charni Road.
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. To-day. To-morrow
on Thursday and Holidays.

INDOO
Rakwal Brahmin by caste, Mrs. Vishnulaxmi, must let know her whereabouts to husband, Rameshchandra Damodar Bhatt, c/o Box No. 5567, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO-MORROW
X'mas Day
Special Show
For CHILDREN
at 3 p.m.
By Prof. DOORLAY'S
Tropical
Express
NON-STOP REVUE
ACROBATICS
MUSICAL NUMBERS
Comedy
DANCE WITH LEOPARD
SNAKE DANCE, ETC., ETC.
Prices Rs 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9.
Presents will be given to children by Miss Ruth Hasse.

Capitol
25th Dec. at 3-0 p. m.

The REGAL
Daily 3 Shows:
AT 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

I WANT A MAN!
Hard-to-get
Joan in her most
exciting romance!



JOAN Crawford
I LIVE MY LIFE
with
BRIAN AHERNE
FRANK MORGAN
ALINE MACMAHON
Also Latest
LAUREL-HARDY
Comedy: TIT FOR TAT!

THE CAPITOL
Daily 2 Performances
at 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Prof. DOORLAY'S
TROPICAL
EXPRESS
NON-STOP REVUE
New Songs! New Dances!
New Acts! New Faces!
including the
Additional Attraction
FESTIVAL
AT BALI
depicting native life of the
lotus-eating inhabitants!
with its seductive women-
haunting music-mysterious
Rites!
ALSO CHARMING
RUTH HASSE
IN A DANCE WITH A
LIVING LEOPARD!
Free List Suspended

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day
Hindu: Magar Vad 14, 1992
Muslim: Ramjan 27, 1354
Parsi: Tir 19, 1965
High tide: 10-32, 23-56
Low tide: 5-15, 16-49
Sunrise: 7h. 8m.
Sunset: 6h. 9m.
Christmas Eve: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
WEDNESDAY, December 25.
Christmas Day Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
THURSDAY, December 26.
Boxing Day: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
Bombay Winter Meeting: Seventh Day
SATURDAY, December 28.
Ramzan Id: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.
Bombay Winter Meeting: Eighth Day.
S. S. "Ranchi" with the English mails
sails at 1 p.m.
POSTAL NOTICE
Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements Hongkong Shanghai and Japan per S.S. "Chitral" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 26th instant.
ENGLISH MAILS DELAYED
Telegraphic information has been received from London that owing to bad weather Overland parcel mails for India despatched from London on Dec. 10, missed the mail steamer s.s. "Chitral" due to arrive at Bombay on Dec. 26. The Overland parcel mails will therefore be despatched by the subsequent mail steamer s.s. "Narkunda" which is due at Bombay on Jan. 2.

ENGLISH MAILS.
The outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Chitral" with the Mails from London of 12th instant arrived at Aden at 11 a.m. on the 22nd and left there at 3 p.m. the same day. In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 10 p.m. on Thursday, the 26th instant.
The "Chitral" will sail from Bal-lard Pier for China and Japan at 8 a.m. on the following day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS
Steamer "Clan Macbride" arrived at Suez on the evening of Friday December 20.

CHRISTMAS EVE AT KHAR ASHRAM
To-day, Christmas Eve, will be observed in Rama Krishna Ashram Khar. At 7 p.m. a divine service will be held. Swami Adyananda, who had been to South Africa, will speak on "Christ the Messenger". Public are cordially invited to attend the service.

X'mas Fun For the Kiddies!
Special all-programme of
LAUREL-HARDY
Selected Comedies
TO-DAY AT 10 a. m.
Toys will be distributed to
Kiddies by
FATHER CHRISTMAS
Bring the children to
THE REGAL

TO BE MERRIER
During this CHRISTMAS
YOU CAN DO BEST
TO COME OVER
TO ENJOY

SONG OF LIFE
KOLHAPUR CINETONE'S
(Kolhapur)
Hindi Musical Super
Directed by
P. ATTORTHY
with
RATANBAL
HAFISZEE
MASTER VINAYAK
in the lead
also showing
"WARRIOR"
a Cartoon by
KOLHAPUR CINETONE
at
MAJESTIC
CINEMA—GIRGAON.
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.
Matinee: To-day, To-morrow, on
Thursday and Holidays at 2-30
p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

FATHE—"The Big Broadcast of 1935"
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
REGAL—"I Live My Life" Daily at
4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Song of Life" Daily at
3-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROYAL—"Midnight Tale" Time as
usual.
PLAZA—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30
and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Anarkali" Time as
usual.
KRISHNA—"Dharmatma" Daily at
5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8
and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Kunti Ansu" Time as
usual.
WELLINGTON—"Old Man Rhythm"
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Sons of the Desert" Daily
at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Bhakta Pralhad" Daily
at 9 and 11-30 Morning.
SUPER—"Hind Kesar" Daily at 2-30,
5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ
Pandit Parbhoo Sharma will deliver a public lecture, at the Arya Samaj Mandir (Masjid Baug Road) to-day Tuesday at 7 p.m. on the subject "Soul-Government".

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION
Prof. M. F. Colson will give a series of five lectures on Poetry at the University Building, each Tuesday starting from the 7th January 1936, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

DECCAN GYMKHANA RUNNING RACES.
The Secretary writes:—
The Deccan Gymkhana, Poona, proposes to hold the following Running Races on Wednesday the 1st January 1936 in the morning:—
(1) 10-mile Running Race.
(2) 1-mile Running Race.
(3) 100-yard Running Race.
The Thana Union and Recreation Club Gold Medal will be awarded to the 1st Hindu Runner and to the remaining the usual medals of the Gymkhana.

G.L.P. RY. WORKERS' UNION
The annual general meeting of the members of the G.L.P. Railway Workers' Union (Bombay Branch) will be held in Nappoo Hall, Matunga, Bombay on Monday, the 6th January, 1936, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.).

INDUSTRIES FAIR
The management of the First Indian Industries Fair announced that the entrance fee for adults has been reduced from four annas to two annas and that of children under 12 years from two annas to one anna owing to Christmas Holidays.

DHARAVI ISLAND CRICKET
The following players will represent "The Utan Catholic Association's XI" in the Finals of the Dharavi Island Quadrangular Cricket Tournament against "The Goral United XI" on Sunday the 29th December, 1935, at Manori at 10-30 a.m.
N. P. Fonseca (Capt.) B. S. D'Souza, P. H. Crastin, J. F. D'Souza, J. R. D'Mello, Z. S. Fonseca, G. M. D'Mello, P. J. Pereira, D. M. D'Mello, D. M. Almeida, S. E. D'Souza.
Reserves: Juja Fonseca and Mariano Fonseca.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ
Under the auspices of the Asthika Samaj there will be a Hari-katha performance on "Meruthi Vinayam" by Sjt. R. Subramaniam, Bagavathar, Kumbakonam in the Samaj Hall to-day (Tuesday) at 4 p.m.

AIR MAIL POSTINGS
As the scheduled hour of departure of the Northbound Aeroplane from Juhu has been altered to 10-15 a.m. the latest hours of posting air mail correspondence in connection with the Northbound Aeroplane of the Karachi-Madras air mail service will, with effect from to-day, Tuesday as a purely temporary measure until the 21st March, 1936, be as follows:—
Unregistered correspondence—8-30 hours on Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Registered correspondence—8-30 hours on Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Postings at the town sub-offices must be so regulated as to reach the Bombay General Post Office before the abovementioned hours.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY
The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 21st December was 284; of these 187 were males and 97 females.

To-day's "Priti Bhojan" With Harijans At Dadar
The Secretary writes:—
Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward Congress Committee, "Priti Bhojan" with Harijans will take place at 11 a.m. to-day (Tuesday) at the C. K. P. Sabha Hall, Dadar. Mr. T. Raghava Bellary, having donated the amount of Rs. 50 for the same, in memory of his late mother, Sjt. Ishwarbhai Patel will preside and Sjt. R. K. Vaidya, Devrao Naik, V. R. Dighe, T. Raghava, Devrubbkar and Shamji Master will speak on the occasion.
Only those invited are requested to attend the function.

Small Change On B. E. S. And T. Buses And Trams
Government have finally sanctioned and notified the following amendment to the rules regulating the use of motor omnibuses owned and plying for hire by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd.
"No passenger shall be entitled to require change to be given for amount greater than one rupee."

ABSCONDING CASHIER ARRESTED

Police Get Man At Muttra Charged With Misappropriating Rs. 8,820 In Bombay

BOMBAY, Monday.
Kashinath Kalandas, a cashier in the employ of Messrs. Jagan-nath Maganlal, Bankers and Commission Agents, was arrested by the police at Muttra and brought down to Bombay on last Saturday to answer a charge of criminal misappropriation of a sum of Rs. 8,820 belonging to the firm. It was stated that Kashinath and his son Chandranath, both of whom were working in the firm as cashier and clerk respectively, suddenly disappeared from Bombay some time back without giving any notice to their employers. Subsequently it was found that Rs. 8,820 had been misappropriated. Chandranath is still absconding.

Kashinath was produced before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade Police Court to-day and was remanded to Police Custody till January 1, pending further inquiries.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

10-30 a.m. Light Music. By J. L. Ransode of Ahmednagar. 12-0 noon The Band of H. M.'s Grenadier Guards. 1-0 p.m. Close down.
3-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. "Flags on the Mountains." (A Drama of the Swiss Alps). 7-45 p.m. "Did You Know?" By Arthur Silas. 8-0 p.m. Musical Inter-lude. 8-15 p.m. Christmas Carols. By The Salvation Army Songster Brigade. 8-45 p.m. News Bulletin. 9-10 p.m. Light Music. By Miss Indira Bai Wadkar. 9-55 p.m. Musical Inter-lude. 10-0 p.m. Light Classical Music. By Nathubhai Amraotikar. 11-0 p.m. Close down.

CONGRESS JUBILEE AT SANTA CRUZ

Smt. Naidu To Preside At Ladies' Conference

The Jubilee programme arranged by the Santa Cruz Congress Committee for to-day and to-morrow (Tuesday and Wednesday) is as follows:—

TO-DAY (TUESDAY)
Public Meeting and Bhajan Kirtan at 9.0 (S.T.) in Harijan Quarters at Chuna Bhatli, Santa Cruz.
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY)
Ladies' Conference at 3.0 p.m. (S.T.) in Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz. Smt. Sarojini Naidu will preside and prominent ladies from the suburbs will speak at this Conference. A special Pandit will be erected for this Conference.

AT VILE PARLE
The local Congress Committee has announced a two-days games programme wherein all the prominent citizens will be playing at the Tilak Mandir Chowk of the Lokmanya Seva Sangha at 7-30 in the morning and at 4 in the afternoon. National games include Hootutu Mall Kusti, Attie Patte, Gilli Danda, Tug-of-war etc.,

Fines Remitted

The District Magistrate, Kaira, having reported that 7 more persons who had been convicted of offences in furtherance of the Civil Disobedience movement have now tendered an unqualified apology and given an undertaking that they will not take any part in any movement of a political nature directed against Government, Government have remitted the fines outstanding against them as a special case.

Scientific Sexological Service

A correspondent writes:—
Mrs. Margaret Sanger and Mrs. Edith How-Martyn to-day interviewed Prof. Shaw of the Birth Control Clinic. She discussed many problems of Birth Control. She also discussed about the propaganda for Birth Control.
In response to her appeal, the Management of the Scientific Sexological Service (Post Box 492, Bombay) is pleased to supply all literature free of charge to any bona-fide inquirer.

BOMBAY COMMISSION AGENTS' AND CONGRESS JUBILEE
The Secretary writes:—
The Association congratulates The Indian National Congress on its completion of fifty years and notes with great pleasure its services towards the economical, social and political progress of India, and hopes it will render in future services of a greater magnitude towards the uplift of the Motherland.
The Association also declares that its members will entirely close their firms on Saturday, the 28th instant, the chief day of the Jubilee celebrations and participate in the programme of that day.

Children's Show On X'mas Day At The Capitol

On X'mas Day, the Capitol is holding a special children's show at 3 p.m. when Prof. Doorlay's "Tropical Express Non-Stop Revue" will put up a selected programme of new acrobatics, comic sketches, songs, leopard dance, snake dance and other items which are bound to satisfy the palate of every child. Miss Ruth Hasse will also distribute gifts to the children.
Popular prices of admission will prevail viz. Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-2 and Annas 2.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Bombay And The "Test"

Bombay had the misfortune during the first week of this month to witness the deplorable display of the "Test" team. If the Team selected to represent India at Calcutta, against the Australians had been selected for Bombay "Test" also, the result would have been very different. Even in the present team, there is a single flaw and that is the inclusion of the Yuvraj of Patiala. If instead of him the selection Committee had included Lalasingh, then it would have been stated that India had put forth the best team to face the visitors. As if in reply to his critics, who suggested that he should be dropped from the Calcutta Team, Wazirali has scored 268 (Not Out) recently against the Viceroy's eleven. Macartney, who has not seen Wazirali in his form, remarked the other day that Wazirali was a very great player. The one consolation that the Cricket-loving public of Bombay can have is that they will have the opportunity of witnessing the best Indian team playing against the Australians during the first week of February. They were disappointed when Macartney did not play in Bombay

India's Sugar Industry

The sugar industry in the country has taken a firm hold and if it continues in its progress for the next two or three years, it is hoped, import of foreign sugar will totally disappear. A large quantity of Java sugar was dumped in India during the last few years, but owing to the growth of the indigenous industry which is encouraged everywhere, Java has revised its policy of dumping, although even to-day there is a large stock of Java sugar in the country. It is estimated that there still exists a stock of 13 lac tons of Java sugar in India. There are about 150 sugar manufacturing factories in India whose annual output is about 7 lac tons. A number of agriculturists are supported by this industry. It is hoped that in the next few years import of foreign sugar will totally disappear. The sugar merchants of Bombay have an Association of their own, which is doing very useful work for the advancement of the industry.

ADULTERY CHARGE FAILS

Evidence Against Pirojshah Mistry Got Up, Says Magistrate

Remarking that no "prima facie" case was made out by the complainant in order to enable him to frame a charge against Pirojshah Mistry, the accused, charged with adultery with a married woman, named Jeral (deceased), at the instance of Pirojshah Nusserwanji Anke-saria (her husband), Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, ordered the accused to-day to be discharged.
In giving the details of the case the Magistrate recorded the facts as follows:—
Accused used to give music lessons to Jeral even before her marriage to the complainant in 1922.
In 1925, complainant left for Africa. In 1932 complainant returned with his family to Bombay and stayed at Tardeo. Accused used to visit complainant often. In November 1932, complainant again left for Africa, leaving his family in Bombay and accused was asked to look after them.
In 1933 complainant returned to Bombay and again left for Africa on November 13, 1934. Even the drafts sent by complainant from Africa used to be cashed by the accused and the moneys were deposited in the accused's account.

Paid All She Wanted
The accused used to pay Jeral all she required for her expenses. The Magistrate, after recording these facts, observed that from this mere fact, to say that improper relationship existed between the accused and the complainant's wife, Jeral, would be to ignore the fact that there are good men in this world, who would not dream of having improper relations with a friend's wife and to hold it all in such cases, there must be improper relationship.

Referring to the evidence given by Perin and Kaikhoshr (sister-in-law and brother of Jeral respectively), His Worship proceeded on the basis that they did stay in Jeral's room on the occasion of Jeral's son's birthday. But he did not accept the evidence from either of the witnesses on the point that they slept in the front room, and the accused in the inner room.

"The whole evidence on the point," the Magistrate added, "savours of being got-up in order to show that adultery took place there between 21st and 24th Mar., 1934."
It will be recalled that this is an offshoot of a case in which this accused and Dr. Kotwal were arrested under a notice under Sec. 312, I.P.C., on or about April 13, 1935.

programme of new acrobatics, comic sketches, songs, leopard dance, snake dance and other items which are bound to satisfy the palate of every child. Miss Ruth Hasse will also distribute gifts to the children.
Popular prices of admission will prevail viz. Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-2 and Annas 2.

TRUNK MURDER MYSTERY

Rich Man Hacked To Pieces? Two Youths In Custody

Vigorous investigations are in progress by the C.I.D., Fydhonie and Princes Street Police in connection with the murder of one of the richest men of Bombay on Sunday night.
Two Gujarati youths (Jains) have been arrested in this connection and it is stated that they have confessed to being responsible for murdering their relative.
More than Rs. 40,000 worth of jewellery, which was said to have been with the murdered man, is stated to be missing.
It would appear that two Gujarati youths engaged a taxi at Bori Bunder on Sunday night. Two heavy trunks were taken in the taxi. The taxi-driver was instructed to drive towards Bandra. Near the Bandra Creek, it is stated, the two youths lifted one of the trunks and threw them down. The driver was then asked to proceed further. On the Ghodbunder Road, it is stated, the taxi was again stopped and the second trunk also was thrown into a well.

The taxi-driver was asked to drive back to Bombay. The taxi-driver, who got suspicious then drove his taxi direct to the Fydhonie Police Station and handed over the two youths to the Police and related his story.

The two young men were detained at the Station and on being examined it was stated that one of them broke down and confessed to their having murdered a relative and removed Rs. 40,000 worth of jewellery. The Police were also informed that the murdered man was cut into pieces and put into two trunks which were thrown at Bandra Creek and a Well at Ghodbunder Road. Sensational revelations are expected.
The two youths, Ratilal Veerji and Shantilal Veerji were later produced before Mr. Oscar Brown, and remanded to police custody till January 4.

B. A. A. C. OPEN ATHLETIC MEETING

The Secretary states the last date for sending in entries has been extended upto Dec. 25. The entries will definitely close at 9 p.m. on Dec. 25th, after which none will be accepted.

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to Patronise Deserving

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INDIAN
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OPEN DAILY:
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UP-TO-DATE THEATRE

CENTRAL
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NEAR ALBLESS BAUG
half a second's drive off
Queen's Road

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SHORTLY

WITH
Metro-Goldwyn's Wonder Picture

BROADWAY
MELODY
OF 1936

15 Stars—1000 dancing beauties.

Good news for

COLD
SUFFERERS!



Mistol stops colds where they start

18 STARS, 423 THRILLS, 186 LAUGHS

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BURNS & BILLY
LYDA ROBERT
WINDY BARRIE
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BING CROSBY
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1935

FUTURE OF EDUCATION

The press communique issued in connection with the first meeting of the new Central Advisory Board of Education, held at Delhi last week, deserves to be seriously considered by all those interested in the educational reconstruction of India. The Board is now fairly representative of the various educational interests in the country. Though it hardly includes any representatives of the National Education movement that came into existence in 1921, it is significant that some of the fundamental principles of that movement have been already accepted by the Board itself. The Board includes representatives of the Inter-Universities Board, leaders of public opinion like Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who has recently made a special study of the relation of education to the problem of unemployment, and educational officials from all provinces. Though the Board is only advisory, it can exert real influence on the educational systems in the provinces to the extent its recommendations are really progressive and suited to the present conditions of the country. Under the new Constitution the Board can be more representative and, therefore, more influential than it is at present.

Vague And Indecisive

The main subject before the first meeting of the Board was how far and in what direction the present system of education needs to be reformed to suit the changed and changing economic and other conditions in the country. Considering the vast importance and the urgency of this problem, the representative character of the meeting, and the time and money expended on it, the final resolutions of the meeting are somewhat disappointing as being too vague and indecisive. More definite proposals on the different stages and classes of education would have been more helpful in eliciting constructive suggestions from educationalists in the country. But the Board has done little beyond emphasizing the need for "a new attitude towards educational problems and for giving a practical turn to the whole system of education," and appointing several committees to investigate their respective subjects and submit definite proposals to the Board. It is, however, something for a Board representing both official and non-official interests to admit unreservedly that "a ra-

dical readjustment of the present system of education in schools should be made in such a way as not only to prepare pupils for professional and university courses, but also enable them, at the completion of appropriate stages, to be diverted to occupations or to separate vocational institutions." How precisely such a "radical readjustment" of the system is to be effected and in what way vocational education is to be co-ordinated with general education is the real problem that is exercising the minds of earnest educationalists in the country. Though the Board has now only passed on the problem to several committees, it is to be hoped that the committees will not unduly delay the submission of their reports.

Problem Of

Unemployment

The specific question of unemployment figured prominently before the meeting. In this connection we must repeat what we have often maintained, that no system of education can by itself remedy the problem of unemployment, which is the result of the present unjust economic order of Society. But we shall not labour that point here as the question before the Board is limited, namely, how far a better system of education can give any appreciable relief to the educated unemployed. The report of the U. P. Unemployment Committee under the Chairmanship of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, which has already been submitted to the Government and is expected to be published shortly, will throw much useful light on this baffling problem. Meanwhile the Board has referred the question to a special committee including Sir Tej Bahadur. For the present it has done well to emphasize the point that mere educational reform will not suffice but that "every Local Government should actively explore the possibility of finding new avenues of employment and occupation and also to provide for the training of suitable experts who would advise young men and women in relation to their aptitudes and fitness for particular careers suited to different regions." It is the duty of every Local Government to give effect to this resolution. And if they do so, the public will not fail to give them all the necessary co-operation in combating the evil of unemployment.

New Foreign Secretary

Mr. Baldwin has, by appointing Mr. Eden as successor to Sir Samuel Hoare, partially made up for the gross blunder his Government had committed in endorsing the Hoare-Laval "peace" proposals which they subsequently repudiated. As Affairs Captain Anthony Eden has won the confidence of the League circles and has proved himself to be a popular as well as successful diplomat. It is an open secret that Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Eden seldom agreed in regard to the conduct of foreign policy and if the latter had been appointed Foreign Secretary instead of Sir Samuel Hoare, when the Cabinet was reconstructed on the retirement of Mr. MacDonald from the Premiership, the course of British foreign policy would have taken a different and much more satisfactory turn and the greatest damage to British prestige that has been caused in recent times would as-

Resisting Jap. Imperialism

The 500-mile march on which the two hundred Chinese students of Tientsin have started is but one of the unmistakable manifestation of the discontent that is brewing in North China. The attempts to suppress students' agitation against the "autonomy" movement have been keenly resented by them and they are now going to Nanking to protest to the National Government. The military preparations started by students indicate the determination of the North Chinese youth to resist even, if necessary, with arms the Japanese-engineered move to separate them from the parent-country. That the auto-

nomously have been avoided. For Mr. Eden is an uncompromising champion of the League of Nations and would never have betrayed it as Sir Samuel Hoare did. Mr. Baldwin has grown wiser as well as sadder after the brief disastrous spell of the Hoare regime and the French Socialist and Left Radicals are not far wrong in regarding the new appointment as emphasizing the British Government's intention to continue practising 100 per cent League gospel. Nor is it surprising that in Rome the appointment has staggered politicians and is felt to have brought the question of further sanctions to the immediate foreground. Two redeeming features of Captain Eden's promotion are that youth comes to the fore in shaping the course of international politics and that an end is put to the ill-starred experiment of having two exponents of British Foreign policy—the Foreign Secretary and the Minister for League of Nations Affairs.

move is a stroke of Japanese imperialist diplomacy and that the students are acting with the highest patriotic motives in resisting it should be clear to any one who has followed the recent happenings in North China. But what is deplorable is the weak and irresolute attitude of the National Government who, presuming already having already surrendered unheroically, are said to view the deputation with no great favour. Surely North China patriots can claim the help and support of their National Government in resisting what is undoubtedly Japanese imperialism under a cloak.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

The Kannada Point Of View

(By D. V. Gundappa, M.L.C.)

The attack made by His Excellency Lord Erskine on the idea of linguistic provinces in the course of a St. Andrew's Dinner Speech (36th November, 1935) is as unimpartial of the interests concerned as it is, according to His Excellency's own admission, uncalled for on a sober reading of the existing circumstances. What could be the hidden motive power of this attack upon what had generally come to be recognised as the accepted policy of the British Government in the forming of administrative units? The one ground on which His Excellency deprecates the demand for linguistic provinces is that of India's unity. His Excellency will be grievously wronging those who stand for linguistic provinces if he thinks that their ideal is not the same as that which he declares for himself. The question really is whether national unity will be promoted or retarded in India by the redistribution of the country into administrative units according to the linguistic principle. Those who advocate this reform feel sincerely that unity would be easier and stronger as also more fruitful and richer in meaning if administrative demarcations followed those of language and culture.

Preserving Individuality
It is now a well-established doctrine that the chief justification for the preservation of separate nationalities is the faith that by means of their separate cultures, they would be able to enrich the common intellectual and spiritual heritage of the whole race. Every nation is believed to possess gifts and endowments of mind and character peculiar to itself; and when each to its best, it will have thereby produced something worthy of the acceptance of its sister nations. It is on account of the varieties of gift and varieties of contribution made to the common moral and cultural stock of the world that the principle of nationality itself is valued. Abolish a nation's difference in culture and outlook; bring it into uniformity with its neighbours in habits of mind and temper; you will only have succeeded in destroying the justification for its existence as a distinct unit and depriving mankind of a possible source of moral and material good. This is the universally accepted philosophical basis of the ideal of nationalism; and demand for the safe preservation of separate literary and cultural groups within a nation is merely an organic part of that philosophy. The same logic that forbids the Anglicisation of Indians should forbid the conversion of Bengalees into Marathas or of Tamils into Telugus. If His Excellency would concede this much, he would be bound to admit the demand for linguistic provinces as a logical outcome.

Flight Of Kannadigas
Let us now look at the facts of the case. In the Presidency of Madras there are at present (the separation of Uripa having been granted) four important linguistic groups to be found—the Tamiils, the Telugus, the Kannadigas and the Malayales. Of these the demand for a separate province has been strong and persistent particularly from the second and the third. The urgency of the demand is seen to be the greatest in the case of the Kannadigas. Let us look at their position a little. The Kannada-speaking population of India numbers roughly a crore and thirteen lakhs; and viewed purely from the point of view of numbers, their language takes place among the first ten of India's vernaculars. The numerical position is thus by no means a negligible one. As a matter of fact their position in this respect is stronger than that of Uripas whose right for separate political existence has now been conceded. But it is material to enquire how Kannadigas are found scattered on the surface of India. They are found to be living under as many as 19 distinct administrations. Three of the rest are Indian States—Mysore and Hyderabad being the most important of them. The Kannada population of British India is divided as follows:—

Madras Presidency	1,715,191
Bombay Presidency	2,598,349
Coorg	65,163
Total	4,378,703

This is roughly a third of the total strength of the Kannada population in India.

(Continued on Page 10, Col. 4.)

The World & Its Ways

A Weekly Review Of The International Situation

By
K. T. SHAH.

Last week was a week of sensations in international developments. Sir Samuel Hoare's resignation was the star piece, the origin of which has yet to be satisfactorily explained. Was Sir Samuel made a scapegoat for the collective blundering of the British Cabinet? Or was he terrified by Italy's bluff regarding the consequences of the Oil Sanctions? The latter has been suggested as the true cause of his consent to M. Laval's suggestions for peace and as those peace proposals were not acceptable to the public opinion (?) in Britain, Sir Samuel had to be sacrificed in order that Mr. Baldwin and the rest of his crew escape unscathed. It is not, however, a scatheless Cabinet. Mr. Baldwin leads after this skirmish, since they would now be suspect of yielding to the Jovian terrors from the Palazzo Venezia. The Peace proposals are buried, says Mr. Baldwin; and M. Laval re-echoes the sentiment. The Fascist Grand Council takes the cue, and orders "full steam ahead"—goodness knows to what fearful goal. For the reaction among the League Powers and the Mediterranean nations would be a resentment against Italy, which, despite all the Mussolinian stage thunder, would make it hard for Italy to defeat. In the Mediterranean, Italy cannot strike at the British Fleet without inviting return of complicity, which might wipe out the Fascist Dictatorship altogether. In the Mediterranean, Britain alone is powerful enough to wipe out the Italian Fleet; and she can count on the Turkish, Russian, Yugoslavian and Spanish aid, even if one did not count upon the French co-operation. Oil and other Sanctions will, presumably, now be applied rigorously; and Italy will have to face her bluff being called.

Will Laval Go?
France has failed in the move to an arranged peace, pro-Italian and spoliatory of Abyssinia. M. Laval it was who visited Mussolini early in the commencement of 1935; and must have made engagements or commitments, which France as a country may not be prepared to honour. M. Laval may, therefore, have to go the same way as Sir Samuel Hoare. The resignation of M. Herriot from the Presidency of the Radical Party,—the key-holders in French politics,—makes the position of the Laval Government more than ever shaky. Only recently M. Laval had a vote of confidence from the Chambre, on the distinct understanding that the Fascist forces and organisations in the country must be curbed, if not destroyed. His efforts to bolster the Gold Franc has much more genuine support in the country than his desire to back Mussolini; and so, if the latest developments in International Politics make M. Laval more than ever suspect in the French Chambre, he could not hold the post much longer. Perhaps, a Herriot Government is in the offing. Certainly, the new Chambre, to be elected in May next, must not be forced too glaringly towards the Left; and so, they would try every device to stave off the greater danger of a domestic revolution,—Fascist, or Communist.

Sanctions To Be Stiffened

In the League, the partners are practically agreed that Italian bluff must be called. Oil Sanctions,—and perhaps more serious steps than Sir Samuel Hoare in his vindication alluded to may have to be adopted,—even though America keeps out. The last is not such a serious contingency as to dishearten the League in taking action against Italy,—though the Supreme Court has yet to pronounce upon the Neutrality decree of the President. It would be a most unhappy development, and portentous,—if the Supreme Court pronounces adversely; and American Oil exporters find the League Powers blockading the export to Italy. No one will then be able to say where the danger zone might stop.

The successor to Sir Samuel has been appointed. As Mr. Eden takes the place, there is every likelihood that the September policy would be continued unchanged; and there is no doubt, that, after the Parliamentary debate, there can be no going back on the sense of the country as displayed in the Commons discussion. While these great issues hold

the stage, minor developments naturally escape unemphasised. And yet such a decision, as the British miners', to go on strike if some of their demands are not complied with, may have unexpected repercussions on the domestic policies of Britain. At the moment of writing it seems not unlikely that a strike like the one of 1911,—or of 1919, might be brewing; and the country may have to face a hard winter, with increasing unemployment, even apart from the strike. Egypt has been, apparently, placated by the grant of the 1923 constitution; and if the Prime Minister "de facto" orders an early election, the sores of five years might be temporarily healed. The Anglo-British friendship is as strained and unreal as the hopes of co-operation under the new Constitution in India. Only, India has not even Egypt's 'savoir faire' or capacity to make her power felt.

Abyssinian Successes

The Abyssinians have claimed substantial successes, which the Italians are unable to deny. Their tanks and their aéroplanes and their machine-guns have proved ineffective against the natural bulwarks of this desert people; and the Emperor has only vindicated his national self-respect in declining to accept the Hoare-Laval peace terms, which no honest Abyssinian could accept. The War, therefore, drags on its weary length at snail's pace, and in a wholly indecisive character. Where the decisive blow will be struck; and by whom, is still impossible to say. Like the Italo-Abyssinian War, the Naval Conference in London drags on its weary length, under mutual recrimination, and veiled fulminations. Japan will not compromise on what she regards as a vital issue,—however much the experts of other countries might call it a matter of 'amour propre'; and neither Britain nor the United States could yield to her in this respect of equality of a naval strength, if either does not wish to endanger its own safety. The world was never more near a general conflagration, since 1918, than in the year of grace 1936, about to be opened.

Frankly Speaking

PETTY OFFICIOUSNESS.

The Government of Madras must be congratulating themselves on what they probably regard as a bureaucratic brain-wave. But their recent orders regarding the hoisting of the national flag on public buildings can only be described as small-minded officiousness. That "full steam ahead" order issued in 1932, when the civil disobedience movement was on, should now be re-surrected is in itself incongruous. But what is more significant is that this should have been done a few days before the Jubilee of the Congress when many Municipalities and other local bodies were contemplating the hoisting of the national flag. The order savours of an attempt to obstruct the national celebrations and as such comes with ill grace. However, if the Madras authorities think by such acts they can take away from the esteem in which the tricolour is held by Indians, they are sorely mistaken.

ONE AND INDIVISIBLE

Presiding over the Rajpipla States People's Conference at Ahmedabad on Sunday, Dr. Sumant Mehta wisely emphasised the oneness and indivisibility of India and repudiated the theory of her division into Indian, British and British India as "a mere trick to divide us." Democratic responsibility of the whole of India and will ere long be established all over the country, whatever may be the superficial differences between the forms of Government in the provinces and the States. This ideal, however, can be achieved soon only if the States people continue to give their whole-hearted support to the Congress in its struggle for complete independence for the whole of India. They should refuse to play into the hands of those who with selfish motives are engaged in an attempt to wean the States people from their traditional allegiance to the Congress.

GOOD SENSE AT LAST.

The Selection Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket must be congratulated on the good sense it has at last displayed in selecting Major C. K. Nayudu as Captain of the Indian team to play against the Australians at Calcutta next week. The Committee has evidently recognised the force of public opinion against its past blunder. It could have been wiser before, but it is better late than never. The change in its attitude is due in no small measure to the bold stand taken by Dr. H. D. Kanga against the snobbery that marked the selection of the first Indian team. We do not know if his resignation has been authoritatively accepted; but in any case, as his view is now acknowledged to be the right one, he should be requested by the Committee to rejoin it. We congratulate Major Nayudu on the recognition, however belated, of his fitness to lead the Indian team against the Australians and wish him good luck at the Calcutta Test.

ANTI-CONGRESS PROPAGANDA.

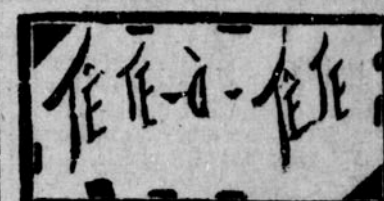
In a lecture to the Nadad Municipality on Sunday the Governor of Bombay made an attempt to wean the Municipality from the influence of the Congress. But we do not think that Lord Brabourne has still any illusions about the real feelings of the local bodies towards the Congress despite all the official influence exerted against it. The public have realised by now that the Congress is the only body in the country that is leading an uncompromising struggle for true self-government and against the mockery that Government are seeking to impose upon them. No amount of official lecturing and propaganda touring can make that sham acceptable to the people. Numerous popular elections have already testified to the growing influence of the Congress, and Lord Brabourne will have occasions to witness still more Congress triumphs in the near future.

THE ROOT CAUSE.

In his address to the P. University Convocation the Governor of the Province was at some pains—rather superfluously—to repudiate the theory that the ignorant "masses" are mainly responsible for communal disturbances and to make out that "communal disorder is merely the culmination of the condition of the sectarian strife and bickering in which men of education, who should do better, are mainly concerned." There is nothing original in the Governor's view. The "masses" are not much interested in the jobs and representation which Government insist upon distributing on communal lines. And so long as the system continues, communal squabbles will persist in one form or other. Why does not the Governor go deep enough to the root causes of communal disturbances?

"THE CONGRESS SOCIALIST."

The revival of "The Congress Socialist," the weekly organ of the Congress Socialist party, is welcome for several reasons. It will provide the party with a mouth-piece so essential to the successful organization of any popular political group. As such it will be a forum for the expression of views of the more vigorous and radical elements in the country and the Congress. Even those who do not agree with the Socialist ideology will find its pages worth perusal; for it will seek to interpret to them the ideals and programme of a party that has already evoked considerable interest and is bound to play a greater part in the evolution of the national movement and the Congress. The first issue of "The Congress Socialists," we are glad to note, has many excellent features of interest to a student of national politics. Besides articles and reviews it gives a digest of party and Labour news. Remain Roland's excellent little ar-



LEAGUE AND PEACE PLAN

"Virtually Buried"
—Headline.
What, both? May their souls—if they had any—rest in peace!
* * * * *
Says the London correspondent of the Lahore Anglo-Indian organ:—
"It is the importance Great Britain attaches to the value of continuing both qualitative and quantitative limitation of naval armament that constitutes the real 'raison d'être' of the present (Naval) Conference."
From which excellent statement we can easily find out:
(1) the importance Great Britain attaches to limitation of armaments, and
(2) the "raison d'être" of the Naval Conference.
If A's value is zero and B is equal to A, what is the value of B? A simple algebraic problem!
* * * * *
Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer declares that there can be no objection to men like himself who are not in Congress now joining in the Congress Jubilee celebrations. We make a present of his statement to all non-Congressmen. Come and join the Jubilee of the Congress—for it is the Jubilee of the Nation.
* * * * *

Britain's Double-Faced Diplomacy.

—Headline.
Aren't the two middle words superfluous here?
* * * * *
Speaking about unemployment among the educated youth, Sir G. S. Shankar Bajpai observed: "No exceptional perspicacity is needed to discern that this evil must largely result from education that produces them and the sense of social values that tolerates the system."
Why blame the poor "sense of social values," a factor elusive of definition?
But what does Sir G. S. think of the Government that established this system of education, patronizes and encourages it and, in spite of periodical platitudes indulged in by officials, continues to do everything to bolster up and perpetuate it?
* * * * *

Continuing, he said: "Educated young men are unemployed. Many of them show an invincible disinclination for any work other than the drudgeries of literacy, a pathetic incapacity for even moderate proficiency in that mechanical pursuit and a tragic lack of aptitude for anything else."
And we wonder if even bureaucratic utterances could be more unfair and callous?
* * * * *

Why Britain Is Rearming Herself.

—Headline.
For the same reason as a faded beauty puts on a mask of paint and rouge—to hide the grotesque realities.
* * * * *
According to the "Pioneer" some prominent Congress Socialist leaders are seeking an alliance with the Communists.
As the "Riga Correspondent" is an authority on Russia, the "Pioneer" of late has been specializing in scoops about the Congress Socialists and, therefore, the news may be digested with the same liberal measure of a pinch of salt.
* * * * *

In the next session of the Assembly (1) a series of questions are expected on the economic condition of the people and (2) members may also ask questions about the excessively high salaries of Government servants, (3) including the salary of an officer appointed to examine the returns of communal representation in the railways.
The whole bunch should be disallowed under the provisions of the Criminal Law Amendment Act as they would tend to incite, respectively, (1) Communism, (2) Terrorism, and (3) Communalism.
* * * * *

Wanted A New Marriage Ideal.

—Headline.
The Divorce Court?
* * * * *
"You don't know what torture is," said Brown to Smith.
"What is it then?" asked Smith.
"I suffered it yesterday," answered Brown, "when the barber had my mouth full of lather and I sat watching the shop boy giving my umbrella to another customer."
* * * * *

Article on "Lenin" and Harindranath Chattopadhyaya's "The New Song" alone are sufficient to lend distinction to any journal. We extend a hearty welcome to remain Roland's excellent little ar-

Will Eden Press For Oil Embargo?

French Left Radicals Welcome News Of Appointment

Regard It As Emphasising Britain's Intention To Practise Hundred Per Cent. League Gospel

(Special Cable)

PARIS, December 22.

Mr. Anthony Eden's appointment was received in a lukewarm manner by official circles, who fear that he will press for the oil embargo, but left political circles, as for instance the Socialists, and left radicals, are delighted, because the appointment is regarded as emphasising the British Government's intention to continue practising the hundred per cent League gospel.

NO SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 22.

It is learned that no special significance is attached to the fact that the post of the Minister for League Affairs will not be filled.

It is pointed out that there are two Under-Secretaries at the Foreign Office, Lord Stanhope and Lord Granborne. The latter was formerly Parliamentary Private Secretary for Mr. Eden and associated with him at Geneva. It is believed that Lord Granborne, therefore, will continue to have close connection with the League work.

BALDWIN'S FINAL CHOICE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 22.

It is understood that Mr. Baldwin's final choice of Foreign Secretary was between Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Mr. Eden, but the former who was strongly backed by the House of Commons, was well-known to have taken great pride in the progress of the national finances under his guidance.

There never was any question of lack of confidence in Mr. Eden, but Mr. Neville Chamberlain was much senior in service and experience, and the post was obviously his for the taking. Mr. Eden's appointment will be popular in the House of Commons.—Reuter.

"PROSPECT OF PEACE LESSENED"

(SPECIAL CABLE)

ROME, Dec. 22.

"The appointment of Mr. Eden lessens the prospect of localising the conflict," declared a well-informed foreign observer in an interview with Reuter. The appointment, he felt, has brought the question of further sanctions into immediate foreground.

An Italian official discussing the possibility of Mr. Eden's appointment before the announcement, said: "We do not want war, but any how, we are prepared."

"DELIBERATE UNFRIENDLY ACT"

(SPECIAL CABLE)

ROME, Dec. 22.

Mr. Eden's appointment is viewed with considerable distrust. It is thought that it will make the hopes of a conciliatory conclusion of the crisis more remote as he is regarded as anti-Italian. "It may almost be considered as a deliberate unfriendly act to Italy," declared a spokesman in authoritative Italian circles, speaking in anticipation of the appointment.

A Berlin message states that Germans are pleased that Sir Austen Chamberlain has not been appointed Foreign Secretary in view of his pro-French sympathies.—Reuter.

RENEWED COURAGE TO SMALLER POWERS

(Special Cable)

GENEVA, Dec. 22.

Mr. Eden's appointment has given the greatest satisfaction in Geneva, where his sincerity and disarming frankness made him universally popular.

The opinion is expressed that Mr. Eden's appointment will convince the Italian Government that Britain had no intention of departing from the principles of the League Covenant, and will give renewed courage and confidence to smaller powers.

"YOUNGEST FOREIGN SECRETARY"

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 22.

Newspapers mostly warmly welcome Mr. Eden's appointment, the exceptions being the anti-sanctionists. All devote columns describing his meteoric rise to fame, and point out that he is the youngest Foreign Secretary since Lord Grenville in 1851, though only two months younger than Lord Roseberry when the latter was appointed in 1893.

The "Times" says Premier Baldwin has taken a straightforward course. In selecting Mr. Eden, he is able to call upon youth and experience combined. The Government can go forward again firmly, authorised by public opinion, and support the policy of maintaining the common front against aggression, and finding means of ending war by a peaceful settlement.

The "Daily Telegraph" observes that the appointment should be thoroughly well received in the country. The circumstances under which the vacancy arose marked Mr. Eden as the very appropriate choice, which should reassure all whose confidence has been shaken in the Paris agreement.

NOT SURPRISING

The "Morning Post" declares, the appointment need not be noted with surprise. It will bring relief to a section of opinion at home and abroad, and may be understood as a sign that Britain has gained the second wind for her continental exploits. If Mr. Eden can originate as powerfully as can mediate, his term might be memorable.

The "Daily Mail" opines that everyone will wish one of the foremost advocates of a strong League policy, but now his colleagues will have vividly demonstrated the terrible dangers of it. The country will hope he will modify the enthusiasm for it. The "Daily Express" says the appointment is bad. Mr. Eden has shown himself as a man of fixed idea, but in the recent crisis he showed himself without sufficient resolution to adhere to it.

"THE ONLY COURSE" The "News Chronicle" believes Mr. Baldwin has taken astutely

MADRAS BAN ON LOCAL BODIES

Govt. Withhold Sanction To Congress Jubilee Expenses

MADRAS, Dec. 23. A Government order issued this afternoon states Government is not prepared to authorise expenditure of tax-payers money by Local authorities on celebrations in honour of a political party. They, therefore, decline to sanction proposals from local bodies to incur expenditure on or contribute towards celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress.—A.P.

SELF-GOVERNMENT TO PALESTINE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

JERUSALEM, Dec. 22.

Jews are opposing the plan, details of which are announced by the High Commissioner Mr. Wauchope in a communique, proposing to grant a measure of self-government to Palestine.

The proposed Legislative Council which is based on communal proportional representation, would contain 11 Moslems, seven Jews, three Christians, two commercial representatives of undefined nationality, and five British officials. The Jews thus are in a minority in it.

CARE OF WAR GRAVES

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The principle of uniting former belligerent countries in common remembrance of the war dead is embodied in an agreement signed at Berlin for the establishment of a joint Anglo-German-French Committee of the Imperial War Graves Commission, with representatives of the Governments of the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Newfoundland, India, Germany and France, for the care of German War graves in British and French territory and British War graves in Germany.—Reuter.

the only course which could reassure the public at home and abroad that the British Government has reverted to the full support of the League.

The "Daily Herald" says any other choice would have been a blunder of the first magnitude. Mr. Baldwin has done the obvious thing, which is also the right thing.

Sanctions ahead? It is generally expected here that Mr. Eden's appointment will revitalize efforts for collective security and that there will probably be an intensification of the sanctions policy.—Indian Allied News.

OPINION IN LEAGUE CIRCLES

GENEVA, Dec. 23.

Though surprise is expressed in League circles at the appointment of Mr. Eden, the appointment is nevertheless welcomed as auguring well for the League's Policy of sanctions.—Indian Allied News.

UNFAVOURABLE TO LAVAL?

PARIS, Dec. 23.

Political circles here are apprehensive regarding the appointment of Mr. Eden as British Foreign Secretary in so far as it will affect future efforts to settle the Italo-Abyssinian dispute.

Semi-official circles believe that Mr. Baldwin could have shown in no better way his disavowal of the Paris peace proposals.

The appointment is regarded as distinctly unfavourable to M. Laval.—Indian Allied News.

Need For United Anti-Imperialist Front

Bombay Party's Recommendation To All-India Congress Socialist Conference

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party was held at Jinnah Hall on Saturday. Mr. K. D. Merchant was in the chair. The first item on the agenda was the consideration of the report of the Executive Committee for the year. The following are extracts from the Report:—

IN THE B. P. C. C. During the year the general Council which is composed of active members had met 15 times. The Party was represented on the B.P.C.C. by 11 members 4 of whom were members of the Executive Committee of that body.

Members of the Party in the B.P.C.C. had been responsible for raising several important issues such as the wrecking of the new Constitution, resistance to war, abolition of Indian States, relief for detenus and retrograde Italian aggression in Abyssinia. The Party was represented in the A.I.C.C. by Mr. Yusuf Meherally, who has played a prominent part in raising questions of resistance to war, the Congress Parliamentary Board, the States Peoples' demands and the Bengal detenus.

WORK IN TRADE UNIONS. The report showed that members of the party had been actively participating in a number of trade unions in Bombay and one of the members, Mr. Khediger, was the General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress. The Committee reported that in spite of their anxiety to develop this part of the Party's activity the lack of a sufficient number of full-time workers and funds had handicapped such a development.

During the year members of the Party had led and participated in the strike of the Wadi Bunder hamals, of canvas-shoe-workers and of Madanpura handloom workers.

IN THE CORPORATION. Of the five candidates put up by the Party at the last Municipal elections three had been elected. It was remarkable that at the first attempt of Socialists to enter the Corporation the five Party candidates had between them polled over 50,000 votes. The Socialist councillors had already moved resolutions for adult suffrage, election of the Municipal Commissioner by the Corporation, abolition of nominations, felicitations to the Indian National Congress on its Jubilee, hoisting of the National Flag on municipal buildings, and the abolition of communal representation on the School's Committee.

HELP TO DETENUS. On 8th April the Party organised a Flag Day for the relief of Bengal detenus' families and collected a splendid sum of Rs. 2,300.

MUSLIMS MUST MAKE JUBILEE A SUCCESS. Congress Has Helped All Communities, Says Syed Murtuza Saheb

TRICHINOPOLY, Dec. 23. Syed Murtuza Sahib M.L.A., President of the Central Khilafat Committee, Bombay, has issued the following appeal. "It goes without saying that the Congress is the only organisation which is common to all communities that pride themselves on being sons of Mother India. So every Indian has to feel jubilant at the fact that its golden Jubilee is to be celebrated on December 28, much more so should be the case with Muslims, as one of the cardinal principles of Islam according to the teaching of their Holy Prophet (be peace of God on Him), is love of their country. Therefore feel

bound to call upon every Muslim, particularly Khilafatists (Nationalists), to take part in the celebration of the Jubilee and to make it a success on December 28, when 'Idul-Fitr' also is to come off."

RAWALPINDI, Dec. 22. Orders were pronounced in what is known as the "Pindi Press Act Case" by Syed Murtuza Ali Shah, City Magistrate Rawalpindi, against comrades Gurmukh Singh and Rachpal Singh. Socialist workers of Lyallpur and Jhang under Section 18 of the Press Act for the alleged offence of distributing unauthorised cyclostyled news sheets in connection with the Punjab and N. W. F. Province Socialist Conference at "Pindi".

The Magistrate finding the accused guilty of the charge against both of them, sentenced Rachpal Singh to four months' rigorous imprisonment and Gurmukh Singh to two months' rigorous imprisonment.—United Press.

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With Adequate Protection India Can Make Her Own Cloth

IN NO CASE SHOULD PRESENT DUTIES ON IMPORTS BE LOWERED SAYS, AHMEDABAD MILL MAGNATE

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 23. The Members of the Special Tariff Board arrived here yesterday and visited some local mills. The Board commenced hearing oral evidence of the representatives of Millowners' Association, Seth Kasturbhai, President of the Association, being the first to be examined.

Seth Kasturbhai Laibhai replying to the President of the Board, said that Ahmedabad industrialists have maintained that India is capable of producing all cloth required for Indian use if adequate protection is given by way of levying protective duties in such a way as to stop all imports from Japan and Lancashire completely.

NO FAIR COMPETITION

On the President's pointing out that the Board's terms of reference were not wide enough and they had simply to equate prices of imported goods to fair selling prices of Indian goods, Seth Kasturbhai replied:

"We are not obtaining fair selling prices. If the industry gets fair selling prices against imported goods, I am sure all imports will automatically cease." Continuing Kasturbhai said that as they did not get adequate protection, no centre in India had made any advancement in printed and dyed goods. It was not true that Ahmedabad was a big market for Lancashire goods.

Kasturbhai further said that they had reached a limit of reducing cost. They had made economies in every direction and no further reduction in cost was possible. With regard to Lancashire it was a different matter, as Lancashire was very capable and had organized industry.

WANTED MORE PROTECTION. Replying to Mr. Rahimtoola, Mr. Kasturbhai said that protection granted by both the last Tariff Boards was inadequate. Although they had sufficient protection to grey goods, they were not able to compete with the United Kingdom. Witness emphasised that adequate protection should be given to printed goods because it was an indigenous industry, and gave thousands employment. "I believe," witness asserted, "I will convince Lancashire that we can produce such fancy printed goods."

Concluding Mr. Kasturbhai spoke with emphasis:—"We want higher protection on finer counts, because in spite of the present duties imports have gone up. In no case the present duties should be lowered. If the present duties are lowered we will never be able to compete with Lancashire."—United Press.

Witness also did not agree with Mr. Mudalliar that protection to printed goods would compete with hand printing industry. Replying to another question by Mr. Mudalliar witness said that they wanted increased protection in spinning if spinning industry was to survive. Some mills did supply yarns to handloom weavers if it was found profitable. Ahmedabad also could produce mercerised yarn if that was found profitable.

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BABY'S ESCAPE

Pluck Of Motor Driver Saves Child From Certain Death

A five-month-old boy, who fell down from the fourth floor of a building in Lamington Road, on Monday night, was miraculously saved by a motor driver passing by the side of the building, who saw him coming down and caught him in his arms.

It appears the parents of the boy went out leaving the baby in charge of his sister. The boy was playing with a shoe on the fourth floor and dropped it down into the street, which fell on the shoulder of Hari Laxman who was going along. His attention was attracted by this missile, and Hari Laxman looked up and noticed the boy falling down. With great pluck he spread out his arms and collected the baby, who thus narrowly escaped death.

Viceroy For Baroda. CALCUTTA, Dec. 23. The Viceroy accompanied by the Countess of Willington and staff will leave Calcutta en-route to Baroda and Kathiawar on January 3 next.—U.P.

WELLINGTON WIN. (Special Cable). WELLINGTON, Dec. 23. Wellington won by 14 runs. Wellington: 146 (Elliott, 61; Sims 4/47). M. C. C. 130 (Blundell, 5/50).

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EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade



"The Silver Key"

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALESMANAGEMENT, BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION. ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE SHOULD, therefore, give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as SALESMANSHIP (A. I. S. M. A.); BANK OFFICERS (C. A. I. S. M. A.); INSURANCE MANAGERS (A. C. I. S. M. A.); COMPANY SECRETARIES (F. I. S. A.); & GENERAL COMMERCE COURSE (I. C. C. D.COM. L.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited field and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (E.A. A. I. A. C.) may wherever desirable be tackled in as additional Course, as that, Profession is overcrowded. TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE. Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for Prospectus giving details. 80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

'Quake Proof Structures For New Quetta

HIGHER COST OF LIVING FOR CIVILIANS

Military And Health Considerations Show Old Site Is Suitable, Say Govt.

NEW DELHI, Dec. 23. The future of Quetta has been decided by the Government of India whose broad conclusions are mainly two.

Firstly, that Official Quetta be rebuilt so far as possible on the existing site and earthquake resisting buildings be provided for all permanent employees of Government who may be required to live and work there in future.

Secondly, if the civil population desire to return to the vicinity of Quetta they must be prepared to re-occupy the site of the old city and accept as a condition of their return and in their own interests the need for a better and therefore more expensive standard of living than was permitted in the past.

CONVENIENCE FOR DEFENCE.

The first conclusion is based on military grounds, earthquake-safety consideration and the health point of view. Explaining these the Government point out that Quetta is in the best position to act in defence of Western India from external aggression and control tribes and maintain peace and order in the southern portion of 600 miles of the Northern Frontier. Its climate permits troops to remain there and conduct their training throughout the year. Incidentally it possesses the only practicable site for an aerodrome anywhere on the lines from Sibi to the frontier. Military stores of all kinds have to be held in bulk in Quetta owing to interruption by floods or earthquake. It is therefore, necessary for the military garrison to remain in Quetta in much the same strength as at present. It follows that it is highly desirable that the headquarters of the Civil Administration be located in the same place.

NO GREATER RISKS.

Government could never deliberately ask their servants to return to Quetta if they were exposed to the risk of a repetition of the recent disaster. The view of the Director General of Survey reinforced by that of experienced engineers is that earthquake-proof construction would be a necessary precaution anywhere in Baluchistan and if this is adopted reconstruction in Quetta itself is likely to be just as safe if not safer than building anywhere else in Baluchistan. Moreover the focus of the earthquake activity in Baluchistan has gradually been moving in a north-westerly direction and the possibility therefore is that if further

serious shocks do occur their epicentres will not be on the same line as the earthquake of 31st May. It was only the extremely poor quality of the buildings in Quetta city that contributed to the magnitude of the disaster while earthquake-proof buildings withstood the shock and solid buildings were not seriously damaged.

Lastly, according to a recent expert investigation the site of the old city is healthier than most others in the surrounding valley and could be made healthier still by utilising the debris for filling up depressions which now collect water and provide breeding places for mosquitoes.

OLD SITE FOR CITY.

Regarding rebuilding the City the Government discuss two alternatives and prefer the decision to have the City where it was, because the natural tendency for traders and others is to settle in the vicinity of the troops and gradually rebuild a city of or approaching its old dimensions. An alternative site, whatever its natural advantages would never become popular if it was removed from the protection that the troops afford and the money that the troops have to spend. Moreover, any decision to prohibit rebuilding on the old site would involve extinction of private rights altogether and give rise to more serious problems. There is no other site on which the city can be rebuilt in the immediate vicinity of the cantonment within reasonable distance of the railway station nor would the cost of building be lower or the risk of inhabiting it any less. Salvage operations will eventually clear the existing site, but the width of many roads will be increased and stringent building regulations rigorously enforced.

PROVISION FOR EXPANSION.

If population ever reaches the pre-earthquake dimensions, considerable expansion of the superficial area will become necessary. Government have engaged a town-planner to secure a layout of the new city on modern and scientific lines with protection against future disaster disease or epidemic. Government have under consideration acquisition of land south and south-west of the present city and issuing notice under the Land Acquisition Act. It appears most unlikely that non-official reconstruction on any large scale will commence before April, 1937.

SALVAGED PROPERTY.

With a view to mitigate the

546-RUNS VICTORY FOR BOMBAY

W. I. States Decline To Bat In Second Innings In Western Zone Final

Three individual centuries—by Kadri, Patel and Havewalla—were the outstanding features of the last day's play in the final of the Western Zone in the Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship of India between Bombay and Western India States at Poona.

Bombay piled up 484 in their second knock and the W. I. States probably realizing the impossible task of making 547 runs to win the match decided not to bat at all in their second innings. Bombay thus won by 546 runs.

The most notable performance in the match was that of S. M. Kadri who scored centuries in both the innings.

BOMBAY (1st Innings) ... 243	
W. I. STATES (1st Innings) ... 181	
BOMBAY (2nd Innings) ... 484	
Hindekar, b Amarsingh ... 0	
Kadri, 1-b-w, b Kesari ... 114	
Mehta, 1-b-w b Amarsingh ... 3	
Patel (not out) ... 131	
Jai, c Hari Mall, b Kesari ... 47	
Havewalla, c Vinoo Mankad, b Hari Mall ... 103	
Wadkar, 1-b-wb Hari Mall ... 5	
Hansoti, 1-b-w b Hari Mall ... 1	
Richards, 1-b-w, b Kesari ... 45	
Divekar, b Hari Mall ... 10	
Talpada, b Hari Mall ... 2	
Extras ... 23	
Total ... 484	

Fall of wickets: 1 for 4, 2 for 12, 3 for 255, 4 for 298, 5 for 327, 6 for 395, 7 for 396.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.	O.	M.	R.	W.
Amarsingh ... 19	4	38	2	
Gurtu ... 23	2	115	0	
Kesari ... 34	4	115	3	
Hari Mall ... 44	10	129	5	
Mankad ... 4	0	16	0	
Manilal ... 6	1	24	0	
Indravijayasinghi ... 2	0	14	0	

BOMBAY VARSITY ELEVEN

To Meet Madras Team In Rohinton Baria Trophy Championship

The Bombay University Registrar writes:—

The following Bombay University Team has been selected to play in the semi-final match in the Inter-University Cricket Championship for the Rohinton Baria Trophy to be played on the Hindu Gymkhana Ground (Kennedy Sea Face) on December, 27th, 28th and 29th.

S. Heptulla (Captain).
M. M. Naidu,
L. G. Patil,
J. H. Wadia,
Y. Ismail,
K. G. Nageshkar,
M. K. Patwardhan,
P. G. Dharewar,
H. N. Adhyaru,
M. S. Naik,
R. G. Patil,
RESERVES:
B. B. Mullick,
T. B. Butani,
S. Suleman,
UMPIRES:
D. K. Naik, and
S. J. D. Jamshedji.

NO RESTING TILL WE ACHIEVE SWARAJ

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following is the message received from Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President of Indian National Congress, by Messrs. K. T. Bhide and H. M. Dixit, Publishers of the History of the 'D' Ward Congress.

"Bombay was the birth place of the Congress and has ever since helped it in every way. Bombay played a glorious part in this struggle for freedom. The fiftieth anniversary of the Congress should be treated as a solemn day for renewing our pledge that we shall not rest till we reach the great goal of Purna Swaraj.

"May all parts of the City continue to give their ungrudging service and sacrifice to the cause is the prayer of all earnest and sincere servants of the country."

Convicted For Adulteration Of Ghee

Mr. Manilal Motilal, Owner, 622, DeLisle Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 15 in default was ordered to suffer one week's simple imprisonment on December 18, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 29.5 per cent.

hardship caused to property owners in the city it has been decided to clear the level of the old site at Government expense and all building materials found there will be disposed of at Government's discretion. In the event of its sale the proceeds will be credited to the Viceroy's Relief Fund earmarked for relief of owners of real property in the city who suffered in the earthquake.

"Women Will Be On My Side"

WHAT GANDHIJI TOLD MRS. SANGER

A party was given to Mrs. Margaret Sanger at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Sunday by the Society for the Study and Promotion of Family Hygiene. Speaking on the occasion Mrs. Sanger referred to her recent interview with Mahatma Gandhi and said that the latter agreed with her on all points in regard to birth control except the methods of adopting it. The question when she went to him was whether she would convert him or he would convert her. "And believe me," she added "he did not convert me." (Laughter.)

"But was he converted?" asked a voice.

"I do not know," replied Mrs. Sanger.

Mahatma Gandhi, Mrs. Sanger continued, agreed with her that birth control was an important question, but he, like many other people, believed that "control" was a wide term and that it meant something more than limitation. The method which Mahatma Gandhi advocated was continence and restraint, not only

outside marriage but in marriage also.

Mrs. Sanger had asked Mahatma Gandhi whether he considered that a practical solution, knowing that of all the women in the world Indian women were less equipped economically and socially to go out into the world. He had replied that they could have divorce laws.

Mrs. Sanger continued: "I told him all this sounds rather chaotic to me, and I believe the men will be on my side. Men would prefer the methods of birth control that I advocate rather than yours." He said: "Women will be on my side." (Laughter.) We have yet to find out if that will be so," added Mrs. Sanger.

A silver casket was presented to Mrs. Sanger, who has been elected vice-president of the Society, by Lt.-Col. Jelal M. Shah, on behalf of the editor of "Marriage Hygiene."

A vote of thanks to Mrs. Sanger was moved by Lieut.-Colonel Sokhey, Chairman of the Council of the Society.

DEFIANCE OF GOVT. DOES NOT PAY

Bombay Governor Reminds Nadiad City Fathers Of Futility Of No-Tax

(From A Correspondent.)

NADIAD, Dec. 22.

Replying to the address of the municipality the Governor of Bombay said:

"I trust," Lord Brabourne said, "that you have all learned the lesson of these last years and seen the folly of this movement, and will speak plainly in the light of your experience to anyone who tries to induce you to take part in any such movement in future."

"Do not think that I am opposed to self-government. On the contrary, I want to see you exercising it wisely and sensibly. I want you to realise that self-government, while it means an increase of power, means also an increase of responsibility. You have for 25 years had almost complete local self-government, but, though it is the best training for provincial self-government which is shortly coming to you, you do not make full use of it."

"While, I welcome very heartily the return to reasonableness and goodwill of the bulk of the people of this district—and I am sure they are very much happier for that return—I would impress on you that the alternative to fighting with Government is not helplessness dependence on Government for everything, but harmonious co-operation with Government in carrying out your local responsibilities, realising that Government, too, has to discharge its own responsibilities."

The Governor then presented Silver Jubilee Medals to the local recipients.

RURAL UPLIFT WORK.

The Governor next visited Lambhvel, a village eight miles from Nadiad, where a movement for rural uplift is being carried on successfully by a committee consisting of officials and non-officials.

An address was presented on behalf of the uplift committee. The Governor, accompanied by Lady Brabourne, attended a boys' sports rally.

The Governor and Lady Brabourne later attended a garden party given by Sardar Gopal-das V. Desai, a prominent landlord of the district.

CITY RECORDS MORE DEATHS

HEALTH OFFICE BOMBAY DURING WEEK ENDING 21ST DECEMBER.

The total mortality 538 was 8 more than that of the last week. The death rate registered was 24.1 on the Census population of 1931. The mortality for the 51st week of 1934 and 52nd and death rate 23.3. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium (1930-34) was 456 and death rate 19.9.

Out of the total deaths, 185 were among infants under one year of age.

During the week, small-pox caused 6 attacks including imported from Dabhol (Baroda) and 5 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. There was one death from Typhoid.

The number of live births registered during the week was 819 as against 863 for the 51st week as against 863 for the 51st week of 1934 and 739 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the years (1930-34).

JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE

Cost Of Procuring Business Should Not Go Up, Says Chairman

"Those who are engaged in the business of Indian insurance have no doubt whatever that immediate legislation is necessary to safeguard our interests. I can but express the hope that in this matter at least the Government of India will not move with their customary dilatoriness but come to our assistance by timely and effective action," said Hon'ble Mr. Shantisdas Askuran, in the course of his address to the shareholders of the Jupiter General Insurance Co., Ltd. at its annual meeting on Monday at the offices of the Company at Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

COST OF GETTING BUSINESS.

In some departments the expenses of management work have shown a tendency to go up, as also the cost of procuring business. The time has come, the Chairman said, for Indian Insurance Companies to put their heads together with a view to reducing the acquisition cost of business, or at least to see that this cost does not go up.

Mr. Askuran regretted that the Government of India had not given effect to the proposals of the Indian Insurance Companies for suitable legislation for this protection. He requested the Government of India to appoint a Committee to examine Mr. Sen's report on the working of the Indian Insurance Act. Such a committee, he said, should not be a departmental one but consist of important Indian insurance officials and businessmen connected with the Indian insurance and therefore competent to speak on the subject.

He deplored the "inordinate delay" in Government's carrying out urgent measures and said that such a policy would not convince the Indian business community of their zeal to foster India's economic development.

The Modern Male Is He Deteriorating?

Does he use his 'savvy' to-day? Is he losing his grip on affairs? Take Christmas, for instance. When a man wants to choose a lady's gift which (a) is unique, (b) pleases her, (c) shows what a discriminating chap he is and (d) does not bring on a fatal attack of rupee shortage—does he ask her advice? does he rely on another woman's experience?—does he make enquiries in the right quarters?

No, no and again no! He ambles about for weeks in bazaars and stores with a soulful expression hoping to pick something up, cuts all his friends, refuses drinks and then ends his brainstorm by buying a Good Boy or one box of lace Handkerchiefs (initialled).

Now the sort of present a woman really appreciates is one of these jolly little gift sets of perfumes and powders. They're nicely got up, useful and do definitely contain the very finest perfumes. Coty makes them, and shows them in dozens of different kinds—just to keep pace with the particular colour of hair, fingernails and so on that's de rigueur at the moment. They know all about it, of course, being the Paris firm of perfumers. You can get these sets at any good Shop in the country—gifts fit for a gentleman to give. And remember, gentlemen any prefer blondes—but blondes definitely prefer gentlemen. So what about it?

Indian Sweets

AND CONFECTIONERY

Pedhas, Pista Barphi, Badam Barphi etc. from the only famous confectionery-house of

TULJARAM MODI

of

SATARA

Now available in Bombay at

Indian Industries Fair

Gowalia Tank, Stall No. 19-20.

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THE Phillips' WAY**

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PARIPURNANAND General Manager & Secretary.

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TO SESSIONS

NAOKHALL, Dec. 23.

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Help Kidneys

Don't Take Drastic Drugs

Your Kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by neglect or drastic, irritating drugs. Beware! If Kidney trouble or Bladder weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Leg Pains, Nervousness, Dizziness, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Burning, Itching, Smarting, Acidity or Loss of Vigour, don't delay. Try the Doctor's new discovery called Cystex (Siss-tex). Soothes, tones, cleans and heals sick kidneys. Starts work in 15 minutes. Brings new health, youth and vitality in 48 hours. Cystex costs little and is guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

Plantain Fritters

are more delicious with

BORWICK'S

BAKING POWDER

dhry with four of his officers

were committed to Sessions to-day by the Deputy Magistrate on

charge of forgery in connection

with certain rent receipts filed in

Civil Court. All were released

on bail, the zamindar in the sum

of Rs. 10,000- and others Rs. 400.

—A. P.

Messrs. Kochikar Brothers, Udipi

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF SILVER JUBILEE CONGRATULATIONS.

We beg to acknowledge with sincere gratitude receipt of the hundreds of congratulatory letters and telegrams from policy-holders, share-holders, medical examiners, friends and well-wishers from all parts of India on the occasion of our Silver Jubilee. We extremely regret our inability to acknowledge them individually just at present but we hope to do so shortly.

KOCHIKAR BROTHERS.

UDUPI,

16th December, 1935.

WARNING AGAINST UNRELIABLE PREPARATIONS

UNFORTUNATELY owing to no special law governing the import and sale of medicines in India, hundreds of unreliable preparations made by firms of no standing are being offered to the public with all possible claims, specially for lost vitality and rejuvenation. It is daily getting difficult for laymen to make the correct selection and avoid the use of all such preparations which are liable to do more harm than good.

IN the interest of your health and for the sake of sure and prompt results we beg to advise you to use only Okasa which is the most reliable and well-known Gland-Hormon Tonic for the treatment of Lost Vitality, Neurasthenia, Nerve Weakness, Debility and general rundown conditions of health. Okasa is the discovery of the well-known Scientist, Prof. Dr. Lahusen of Germany and is used with the greatest confidence in all the civilized countries of the world. In recognition of its marvellous efficacy, Okasa has obtained highest International Awards which no other Gland preparation so far has received. Proofs and statistics can be given whenever required.

OWING to the great success of this well-known preparation many attempts are being made in and outside India to imitate this product under various names. Since all the chemical processes employed in preparing Okasa are protected by International and German Federal States Patent, an imitation of this product is impossible. We request you to use Okasa just for 2 weeks. The results will be beyond your expectations. You will feel years younger, far more healthy, strong and active than before.

O.K. 188.

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Police Swoop On City Night Clubs

150 Arrests And Thousands Of Rupees Seized In Midnight Raids

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two Night Clubs in Bombay, were simultaneously raided by the Bombay City Police on Sunday night and more than 150 persons were arrested.

The raids which were conducted by C.I.D. officers under the direct supervision of Mr. F. S. Wilkins, the Deputy Commissioner of Police were kept a well-guarded secret till late in the night and at the stroke of 11-30 P. M. Inspector Achrekar and Sub-Inspector Gawde raided the "National Club" at Mahomedali Road and the "Silver Club" at Grant Road respectively. Open revolvers and torch lights were mainly responsible for such a big haul, as the Clubs have got more than a dozen exits, under emergencies.

Among those arrested are an M. D., one of the officers of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, merchants, clerks, up-country visitors dancing girls and music parties.

Some of the arrested persons have been released on bail while others are still in custody. The Police were engaged till 8 A. M. this morning in preparing Panchnamas and taking charge of the thousands of rupees, thousands of counters representing several thousand rupees more and other alleged instruments of gaming.

Deputy-Commissioner Wilkins, who is in charge of the Crimes Branch of the C. I. D., is stated to have decided on raiding the two Clubs, and planned the raids on the Silver Club situated near Charni Road Junction and the "National Club" situated on the Mahomedali Road.

Police In Disguise

At the last moment, the Deputy-Commissioner summoned certain officers and constables and asked them to dress themselves up as Mahomedans. The officers were armed with revolvers and torch-lights. Inspector Achrekar was put in charge of the raid on the "National Club" while Sub-Inspector Gawde of the Prevention of Crimes Branch was in charge of the "Silver Club" expedition.

Gambling in the following games is alleged to be in vogue in the above two clubs:—Girdi (Dice) Flush (Cards) Cocaine (Cards) Manna (Cards) Mazzum (Cards) Bizzick (Cards). Those who patronized the clubs it is stated exchanged money with counters of different colours for different denominations. They are alleged to have staked only the counters and on leaving exchanged them for cash from the Manager of the Club.

Eight Big Rooms

In the Silver Club which is situated on the first floor of a building, there are eight big rooms and arrangements were made by those who run the club for food and drinks at their own cost. Fifteen servants are engaged at Rs. 2 per day. The patrons of the Club are also provided with music and singing girls. For all this they are supposed to pay Rs. 2 per night. The Silver Club has several entrances.

Watchers Gagged

Sub-Inspector Gawde, who had set his time in consultation with Inspector Achrekar, walked towards the entrance of the Club at exactly 11.30. Meanwhile the Police Constable in Mufti attended to the watchers, who are alleged to have been specially engaged to give information about a raid to the inmates of the club. The watchers were gagged. Sub-Inspectors Gawde, Goregaonker, Sattam and Savant, who were dressed like Mahomedans entered the club, with their torch-lights in one hand and revolvers in the other. Meanwhile the other constables rushed and placed themselves on guard at almost all the entrances.

When the Police officers entered the main hall they found about forty persons sitting at a Table and playing "Manna," while a

Dancing girl was singing.

Attempts At Escape.

At the sight of revolvers and torch lights, some of the inmates thought that some dacoits were out to rob them and shouted for the Police. When they learnt that the visitors were the police, some of them rushed to escape. Several of them did manage to get into the rooms of tenants in the adjoining buildings, where shouts were raised that thieves had entered the house. Some of those who tried to escape got into the bedrooms of the tenants. One of them, though he broke his hand managed to escape.

By that time a big commotion had been created and a huge crowd collected in front of the Club. It took nearly 20 minutes for the police to bring the inmates of the club into order.

In all there were 88 persons inside the Club premises including the dancing girl and party and the servants and not counting those who escaped. Of those arrested there were members from every community. There was an M. D. also among those arrested.

After the Panchnama which lasted till 7-30 a.m., to-day, the arrested persons were marched to the Esplanade Police Court, and placed before Mr. Khandalavala Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate. Cartloads of seized articles had to be examined and further enquiries had to be made and the Magistrate ordered the arrested persons to be released on bail till January 6.

Cartloads of Apparatus

"The National Club" on the Mahomedali Road received the police attentions through Inspector Achrekar who was reaped by Sub-Inspectors Samant and Solomon.

Here also the watchers were attended to by constables while the officers armed with revolvers and torches entered the premises of the Club situated on the first floor of a building and having 11 rooms, where different kinds of gambling with counters were in progress.

Some sort of resistance was attempted but on finding that revolvers were pointed at them, the inmates of the club submitted themselves to be arrested and were led to the Mazgaon Police Court in the morning. Here also cartloads of gambling apparatus were recovered besides more than a thousand in cash.

Sixty-five persons were arrested. An officer of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was also among those arrested. They were all produced before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, who ordered them to be released on bail.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Early this morning, a Mahomedan girl Umbazib Muntaz Begum aged about 5 years accidentally fell into a water tank situated near the Masjid on Tank Street.

At the inquest held before the Coroner to-day, Salebi Wahabdin the mother of the deceased stated that yesterday at 4 p.m. witness undressed the child and went out. When she returned, she found the child missing. Witness searched everywhere and not finding her, reported the matter to the police.

This morning at 5 a.m. witness found the body floating in the tank of the Masjid.

A verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental drowning was recorded by the Coroner's Jury.

that he was fed up and was about to take his life.

James Edward Quina was arrested on Saturday, at 9-55 p.m. by the Agripada Police, to which Police Station he made a report to the effect that he had murdered his wife, residing at Supari Mansion, Agripada Chawl Street. Happily, on inquiries being instituted by the Police, Quina's statement was found to be false. It was ascertained, however, that he had assaulted, abused and insulted his wife on the night in question. He was further alleged to have been intoxicated.

Ramchandranath Yandoolnath was placed to-day before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, in connection with an assault by the accused on one Gopal Sidhoo. It transpires that Gopal Sidhoo

a resident of Arthur Road, was attacked by the accused and two others (who are absconding), and was beaten with fists, causing a fracture on the arm of Sidhoo. His Worship granted bail to the accused till the 30th inst.

Eighteen persons were arrested on Saturday by the Bhowada Police in connection with a gambling raid conducted by the police at Lalbaugh in No 8, Tiloo Kuyas Chawl.

Sergeant Hallam who conducted the raid, recovered Rs. 148/1/9 in cash, the "marked coin" and slips bearing sutta figures. The accused, who were to-day placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, were allowed bail till January 6th, 1936.

GUJARAT SANGIT MAHA MANDAL

The Secretary of the Gujarat Sangit Maha Mandal writes:—
The Gujarat Sangit Maha Mandal is formed for the promotion of Hindustani Music. The word "Gujarat" does not, however, mean that the institution belongs to that particular province. It only

signifies that Gujarat desires to offer its quota to the cause of Indian music.
It is, therefore, earnestly hoped that public in general and the music-lovers in particular will enrol themselves as members of the Maha Mandal and offer such other help as they can to further

the objects of the institution. The organizers of the Maha Mandal will feel much encouraged to receive the support of the public in their endeavour to serve the cause of Indian music.
All communication in connection of the Maha Mandal should be addressed to the Jt. Hon.

Secretaries, No. 9 Khetwadi 7th Lane, Bombay, 4. Pundit Onkarnath, Sangit Mahodaya, President, Nandulal M. Mehta, Vice-President, M. B. Maniar and Dhunprasad T. Mumundar, Secretaries, Jadural Khandhala and Jawanial A. Mehta, Treasurers.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING PRICE UNCHANGED

Statistical Position Healthier

GOLD FIRM BUT SPOT SILVER EASY

Wheat Strong And Linseed Steady

On Monday cross rates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton maintained a steady tendency. Business was restricted on account of approaching holidays. The statistical position is healthier. The closing price was unchanged.

GOLD FIRM BUT SPOT SILVER EASY.

London gold was firm but spot silver was easy.

WHEAT FIRM AND LINSEED STEADY.

Wheat was firm and linseed was steady. Jute and rubber were slightly better.

SECURITIES UNINTERESTING.

The London Stock Exchange was inactive in the absence of any speculative interest owing to approaching holidays. Gifted securities were without much interest.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936.

Previous closing	New York, Dec. 23.
To-day's opening	11.32
Difference	+0.04
To-day's closing	11.32
Difference	unchanged

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1936.

Previous closing	Liverpool, Dec. 23.
To-day's opening	6.21
Difference	+0.02
To-day's closing	6.23
Difference	+0.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

New York May	Rs. 218
--------------	---------

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec. 23.

Cotton was somewhat quiet but steady with the approach of holidays restricting activity. However the undertone kept very steady due to healthier statistical position which is being at present offset by prevailing uncertainties.

Trading in March commenced at 11.32 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and foreign buying together with some preholiday covering but thereafter the enquiry slowed down while some liquidation appeared causing March to drop to 11.31 trading then became irregular and very narrow.

The New York cotton market finally closed unchanged at 11.32.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 23.

The following were the opening changes:—
January (11.59/11.58) 11.59/11.59
March (11.59/11.58) 11.59/11.59
May (11.59/11.58) 11.59/11.59

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 23.

The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.
American January (6.21) 6.26
American March (6.21) 6.26
Egyptian January (6.29) 6.10
Egyptian March (6.28) 6.24

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 23.

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved between Rs. 217-12 and Rs. 218-12 at night. The rate at 10-40 p.m. was Rs. 217-12 with New York futures about 2 points up.

FIRE CAUSES

Rs. 8,000 LOSS

Sequel To Cotton Godown Being Gutted

A number of bales waste cotton in the godown of the Indian Cotton Fly Company, at Sussex Road, Bombay, were burnt to ashes by fire early on Monday morning.

The fire was noticed shortly after midnight. On an alarm four fire engines arrived on the scene.

The fire had in the meanwhile extended to the whole godown and columns of smoke issued from the building.

The firemen immediately started operations, and after two hours' work the flames were brought under control.

Although the fire was extinguished by 4 a.m., smoke was issuing from different places and firemen had to keep a look out till morning.

The property belonged to Laljee Bhanji Bhatt and was insured. The damage is estimated at Rs. 8,000.

The cause of the fire is not known.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec. 23.
Liverpool wheat opened quiet with December unquoted and March 71 7/8. Very little activity prevailed but later some enquiry developed with some fair business passing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 23.
Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.03 1/4. Prices displayed steadier tendency on scattered buying support and outside demand influenced by encouraging foreign reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec. 23.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

Tin (218 1/4 buyers 218 3/4 sellers)	218 1/4
Lead (216 1/2 buyers 216 9/16 sellers)	216 1/2
Steady	216 1/8
Electrolytic Copper (230 to 230 1/2)	230 1/2
Glasgow Iron (274) 274	274

SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Dec. 23.
The following cable information was received at night from London: "America took 10 per cent of offerings."

JUTE.

New crop January February (219 7/8 paid and value) 220 1/8 paid and value

Dunlop December (223 3/4) 223 3/4

Lightning December (222) 222

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4

Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-2

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-11) 1-11

HUBBER.

Spot (6 7/16 sellers) 6 7/16 paid and

buyer.

April June (6 9/16 paid and buyers)

6 9/8 paid and seller.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay January December

(213 3/16 sellers) 213 1/4 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta January December

(212 13/16 sellers) 212 7/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata December (211 sellers)

211 3/16 sellers.

Groundnut Comorandam December

(213 7/8 sellers) 213 13/16 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Dec. 23.

Realisation 1930 (285) 285

Dunlop Rubber (37-4) 37-4

University Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 29-1

1/2

Ford Motors (26-0) 33-6

Cable Wires (28) 28

British American Tobacco (116-10 1/2)

116-10 1/2

Camera A (28 5/8) 28 3/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (131-3)

136-3

P and O S N Company Defd (17-6)

17-6

Distillers (97-9) 97-9

Bred and Dyers (10-0) 10-0

British Chemicals (14-0) 14-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (63-3) 63-3

Courtenay Ordinary (56-0) 56-0 1/2

Pine Cotton Spinners (6-0) 8-0

Western Limited Ordinary (20-4 1/2)

20-4 1/2

Inter Nickels (44 3/4) 44 3/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-0)

Tata Iron and Steel (2102) 2102

LOSS OF Rs. 67,525 DURING YEAR

But Better Future Outlook For Dharamsi Moraji Chemicals

The fifteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Dharamsi Moraji Chemical Co., Ltd. was held on Monday at their registered offices at Sudhama House at Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The Directors' Report for the year ended December, 1934, shows a net loss of Rs. 67,525 of which Rs. 22,000 represents the loss due to reduction in the value of packing materials and stocks which, the report states, have been valued much lower than the market rate, leaving a balance of Rs. 45,525 as actual working loss.

The results are, however, an improvement over last years. The loss would have been considerably lessened but for the strike which disturbed their supplies. During the current year, the directors state, the prospects have been better and that they hope to show better results.

Sir H. Wheeler At Rangoon

RANGOON, Dec. 23.

Sir Henry Wheeler, Chairman, Secretariat reorganization Committee accompanied by Lady Wheeler arrived here this morning from Calcutta on holiday tour. They are proceeding to night to Mandalay where they will spend the Christmas vacation as guests of Sir Hugh Stephenson.

Sir Henry leaves for Calcutta towards the end of this month arriving there by January 2nd en route to Madras where the Committee reassembles after Christmas vacation.—A. P.

Smallest Business On Stock Exchange

PROFIT-TAKING IN INTERNATIONAL SHARES

Slight Improvement In Wall Street

(SPECIAL CABLE)

On the Stock Exchange, Christmas atmosphere kept business smallest gilded sagged on some realisation. International shares strong opening partially relapsed on profit taking. Elsewhere price movements were narrowly irregular. Commodities were featureless.

Wall-Street opened irregular but since improved slightly.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec. 23.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at 296 3/4.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Friday, December 13	297 1/2
Monday, December 16	297
Tuesday, December 17	297
Wednesday, December 18	297 1/4
Thursday, December 19	297
Friday, December 20	297

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec. 23.

General business was poor. Gilt-edgeds were easier owing to the lack of fresh support. International shares easier after being firmer, the recent rise inducing profit-taking.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (286 3/8) 285

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (2107 1/2) 2107 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (2110) 2110 3/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (2117 1/4) 2116 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (2105 3/4) 2105 1/2

4 per cent Victory Bonds (2115 3/4) 2115 3/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Chinese 2nd Preference (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

Marks and Spencer Spills Share (20 5/8) 20 5/8

Hydro Electric (20 5/14) 20 5/14

Musical Industries (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2

Printhead Johnson (41-9) 41-9

Imperial Chemical (37-0) 37-0

Imperial Chemical Ord (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2

Woolworth New Ford (114-10 1/2) 114-10 1/2

Realisation 1930 (285) 285

Dunlop Rubber (37-4) 37-4

University Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 29-1

1/2

Ford Motors (26-0) 33-6

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Pine Cotton Spinners (6-0) 8-0

Western Limited Ordinary (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2

Inter Nickels (44 3/4) 44 3/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-0)

Tata Iron and Steel (2102) 2102

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

(Continued from Page 6.)

speaking people of the whole of India.

Neglected Everywhere

But how are their educational and cultural interests being looked after? Being actively connected with the premier literary institution of the Kannada country, I have come into possession of some first-hand knowledge on this subject. To say that the requests made on behalf of the educational and literary interests of the Kannada people are met with the utmost indifference by the authorities of the two Presidencies is to state nothing more than the bare truth. This condition, however, can cause no surprise in any quarter; because the Kannada people are nowhere in the administration and the public life of the two Presidencies. The Kannadigas are an ineffective minority in both. The Telugus and Tamils in Madras and the Marathas in Bombay are formidable rivals to Kannadigas; and by virtue of their numerical superiority they dominate the legislatures, the local bodies, and the Government Departments. When this is so, when the representation of the Kannada areas in the legislature is not powerful enough to count as a political force, when they are unrepresented in the Departmental offices and Councils and when their numerical position has made it impossible for them to acquire anything like compelling power in public life, it should be no wonder that the cause of their linguistic education and inheritance

"Our Artists Are Like Tight Rope-Walkers"

YONE NOGUCHI DESCRIBES BEAUTIES OF JAPANESE ART

"Nothing in the art annals of the world, I dare say, is more perfect than the amalgamation of religion and art in the sculptures and paintings of Japanese temples. Moved by an imaginary melody, unworldly and mysterious, which these religious works diffuse, we lose ourselves, as with Yeshin's hanging of Amitabha, in a world of symbolic beauty where prayer is but the word of praise," declared Yonejiro Noguchi in the course of his lecture on "Japanese Art" on Monday evening.

FLOWER AND MOON.

"There is no true art which has no direct relation to our own living," he continued. "It has to cultivate our minds and enrich our souls. Suppose you say that the flowers of April know nothing of our hunger, even though they are as beautiful as a piece of brocade and that the autumnal moon cannot do duty as an electric lamp, however brightly it may shine in the sky. Suppose again you ask how a picture of flowers and of the moon can be directly related to our living I will answer: 'What a stupid man you are not to recognise what a great influence natural phenomena, flowers or moon or what not, exert on us. I say that what is called love is immaterial, not a thing which we can hold with our hands or put in a measure; but anyone knows that love alone makes us understand life's eternity, and that its blessing is more real than that of a thing which you can see with the naked eye. Art is something like love or flowers or the moon, the mission of which is, with an intangible but real power, to develop our sense of living to something higher and nobler.

MODERN ARTISTS.

The old art of Japan is in most cases quite far from so-called realism, even when it dips deep into the study of nature; accepting convention and therefore lacking in novelty of subject, the old artists still managed to bring out their personalities in artistic triumph. I always think, when I see a good specimen of the old art of Japan, that it is fortunate for artists to know what kind of people they address, and what admiration or blame to expect from them and that conventions, when used with love, never restrict their vitality. Even though they sometimes seem fanciful or unreasonable, I am sure they will

ROPE-WALKERS.

It is not too much to say that all our artists are like tight rope-walkers, moving safely or unsafely on the single silver wire of the monotony of Japanese life. If you doubt my word, see Korin's screens of sea waves undulating in silent monotony, where the sea seems controlled by the magic of this Japanese Proper of art and one could easily cross like Ferdinand with dry clothing. Or see Taiga-do's hanging picture of nature where a mountain over mountain and water over water are pictured vertically in monotonous lines. Your mind, if it is appreciative, will be mesmerised by those lines into a trance where all actions stop; but if you a hard-headed and unappreciative person, Taiga-do's monotonous mountains in the picture will appeal to you only as a meaningless pile of Chinese yams. And see again Kikugoro's dance of "Yasuna," his silken sleeve "disordered by a mad wind of life!"

THE appearance of Kanaoka

Kose was highly significant, because like the "Uta" poets in "Kokin-shu" or ancient and Modern Poems of the tenth century, Kanaoka broke away at once from Chinese imitation and established a national sentiment and ideal in art.

ORIENTAL ART.

All things considered, I think that the greatest worth of our Oriental Art is to be found in the poetical atmosphere of becoming one with nature. Our sense of beauty, varied of course according to individual gift and training, always sleeps until nature enters our vision; human existence becomes clearer by contrast with nature. We might be lords of the creation with all the knowledge necessary to seek beauty in it; but when lacking in sensibility, our human faculties would not properly work to make life vivid. We must try our utmost to keep our souls in perfect safety so that no kind of corruption may encroach or play wicked mischief with them.

HARIJANS' ANTI-CONVERSION MOVE

Deorukhkar Announces Convening Of Conference In March

From A Correspondent.)

We have been going from house to house collecting funds for the education of our children, said Mr. Deorukhkar while addressing a public meeting of the Harijans held under the auspices of the Rohidas Sudharak Mandal at DeLisle Road, B.D.D. Chawl on Sunday last.

Education is the key of our programme, under the Poona Pact we have got 15 seats in Bombay. Many educated Harijans will be required to take the responsibility for the nation-building work and I therefore request you to save every penny and spend it on the education of our children.

ANTI-CONVERSION MOVE.

As regards "Conversion" Mr. Deorukhkar said we have appointed an anti-conversion committee and we will convene a conference of those Harijans who do not share the views of Dr. Ambedkar. The members of "Chambhar Bandhu Samaj" has undertaken the whole responsibilities of organisation of an anti-conversion conference in Bombay at the time when Dr. Ambedkar will hold his own "caste" conference in Bombay for conversion some time in March.

WARNING TO VOTERS.

It is true Dr. Ambedkar will not get himself converted until 5 years or perhaps more but he will utilise every minute for preparation. He will take the fullest advantages of the Poona Pact and will carry on his pro-conversion activities with double vigour. I therefore warn you to be on guard. Under the new constitution many of you will be on the voters' lists and therefore you must take sufficient care to elect your own men.

Messrs. Shankar Chandorkar of Kuria, Wamall Master of Thana Baburao Keshikar, Gangaram Panditkar, R. B. Chandorkar, More and Dhakmaster Kajrolkar also spoke.

The annual report was then adopted, with a vote of thanks the meeting terminated.

Short Covering & Trade Buying In N. Y. Cotton

Hedge-Selling In Liverpool

Markets Await Supreme Court's Decision

FUNDAMENTAL SITUATION FIRM

In view of X'mas and New Year Holidays, there was a marked absence of any important business. Professional operators are awaiting the Supreme Court's decision on the A. A. A. and its effect on crop control. The fundamental situation of cotton is healthy and it will be advisable to lean on the constructive side for moderate profits.

Bombay, Dec. 23. On Saturday the New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular. Prices at first advanced on covering by shorts and trade buying but later declined on long liquidation. There was some buying owing to nervousness over the foreign situation. The Japanese ambassador informed the State Department that Japanese cotton textile manufacturers have voluntarily agreed to restrict exports to the United States. This is taken to be a response to the recent protest by the U. S. Manufacturers against abnormally heavy imports from Japan of which the State Department took note. The Ambassador did not mention the precise extent of the restriction.

The fundamental situation of cotton is firm. Recent heavy liquidation as a result of slump in silver has improved the technical situation of the market and if prices decline on the decision of the Supreme Court, it will be an excellent opportunity to buy cotton.

NEW YORK COTTON.
The New York cotton futures market opened on Saturday at about the highest level of the day with March 11 points up at 11.30. There was some long liquidation which depressed prices 5 points from the opening level and March was quoted 11.25 which was the lowest level of the day.

Later on the market ruled very steady and closed at a rise of 13 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices were raised 15 points at 12.00c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.
The New Orleans Cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 10 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 9 points at 11.75c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.
The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with March 6.25. There was scattered buying and local covering which was offset by light hedging. Fair trade calling met with increased ledge selling and the market edged down to two points up. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 6.42c. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.
East Indian Cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. At the close January was quoted 5.97, March 1.80 and May 1.79.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
There was scattered buying in this section. Sakels futures closed 3 to 2 points higher with Spot cotton one point up at 9.44. Upper futures closed 5 points higher to one point down.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.
There was improved buying in the Alexandria Market on Saturday Sakels futures closed 17 to 11 points up with January 16.43. Ashmound futures were steady and closed 20 to 11 points higher with December 13.72.

REUTERS WEEKLY REVIEW.
The market was nervous and irregular with trading restricted by Washington uncertainties. The European situation and the decline in Silver.

Early in the week prices declined on tired long liquidation, but later the market rallied moderately on covering. Many believe that the market is now closely evened up and more than ordinary incentives would be necessary to start fresh speculative movements, pending the Supreme Court's decisions.

According to the latest available figures Government financed cotton includes about 4,800,000 in the twelve-cent and 630,000 of spot together with 900,000 bales of futures in the cotton producer's pool. Mr. Oscar Johnston, the Manager of the pool, reiterated that the pool sales of spot cotton will not be resumed without ample notice.

Except for some low grades the Southern basis remains firm. Meanwhile bullish views based on the statistical position and the tight spot situation are

overshadowed by the prevailing uncertainties.

PRIVATE CABLES.
N. Y. March highest 11.30 plus 11 (10 a.m.). Lowest 11.25 plus 02 (10.4 a.m.).
Liverpool March highest 6.21 plus 02. Lowest 6.20 plus 01.
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool—Little movement likely pending Supreme Court decisions but unless these upset control plans entirely, which seems extremely improbable, expect advancing tendency.
New York—Covering and spot house buying near months caused strength.

New York—Near months short covering and trade buying. No pressure to sell.

X'MAS HOLIDAYS

The New York and New Orleans Cotton Markets will remain closed on the 25th December and the 1st Jan. 1936.

The Liverpool Cotton Market will remain closed on the 26th, 27th Dec. and on the 31st Dec. and 1st Jan. 1936.

The local market will remain closed on the 25th Dec. and 1st Jan. 1936, and will remain open on the 24th from 12 noon to 5 p.m., on the 26th from 12 noon to 2 p.m. and on the 31st December from 12 to 5 p.m.

WALL-STREET MARKETS

New York, Dec. 21. Messrs. Batifala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Electric Bond Common	15
American Tel and Tel	152
Western Union Tel	75 1/4
New York Central	27 3/4
Erie R R	11
Great Northern Pfd	34
United States Steel	45 3/4
American Smelting	9
Int Nickel of Canada	4 1/2
Imp Jap Govt 6 1/2 per cent 1935	100
Imp Jap Govt 5 1/2 per cent 1935	88
Kingdom of Den 6 per cent 1942	104
Tokyo Electric Light & Power 1933	106
Anacosta Copper Mining	27 1/2
General Motor	55 3/4
Kelvinator	14
Refrigerator	14
Stock at Ports	23
20-12-35	283000
Stock at Interior	137000
Towns 20-12-35	91000
Stock at Liverpool	90200
20-12-35	62800
Visible Supply	682800
20-12-35	890700
Quantity in sight	512000
20-12-35	433000
Quantity out of sight	433000
20-12-35	433000

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES
New York Liverpool: January 1200
March 154 May 159 July 168 at Cross Rate 4.93 1/8
Bomby Liverpool: Broach A/M 1936
21/8 Liverpool May 1936 6.19 Rs. 50
1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bomby New York: Broach A/M 1936
21/8 New York May 11.13 Rs. 32 at Cross Rate 4.93 1/8

TRADE OUTLOOK

Bombay, Dec. 23. Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from their Liverpool Office: "Although Government may release some cotton in neighbourhood twelve cents do not look for any decline as believe unfavourable Supreme Court decision discounted." "Held favourable opinion due to bullish Argentine prices." "Copper: 'Statistical position good. Look for higher prices with the New Year.'" "Sugar: 'Still continue favour purchase distant positions.'"

BOMBAY COTTON

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 23	
B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32	
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Dec 1935	
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June-Dec 1935	
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32	
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 7/32	
1/2 C Rate T T 27 1/2	
Banks selling T T 26 1/2	
Banks buying T T 26 7/8	
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T 502	
Banks buying T T 572	
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T 77 3/8	
Banks buying T T 77 1/8	
1/2 C Rate T T 54 5/8	
Banks selling D D 54 5/8	
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D 88 1/4	
Banks buying D D 80 3/4	
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D 156 1/4	
Banks buying D D 90 3/4	
BEHLIN—	
Banks selling D D 21 1/2	
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 4.93 21st instant	
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 23rd instant	
Java/London 7.23 1/2 23rd instant	
Hongkong/London 1/5 15/16 23rd instant	
Shanghai/London 1/2 3/8 23rd instant	
London/Paris 74.70 21st instant	
London/Berlin 23.27 1/2 21st instant	
London/Switzerland 15.19 3/4 21st instant	
London/Berlin 12.27 21st instant	
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 21st instant	
London/New York 4.92 13/16 21st instant	
London/Amsterdam 7.27 1/2 21st instant	
Tone of Sterling Exchange—Steady.	
Gold 47-1 1/2 20th instant 47-10	
1/2 21st instant	
Silver London Ready 21 3/4 20th instant nil 21st instant	
Silver London Forward nil 20th instant nil 21st instant	
Silver New York Ready 52 nominal 20th instant nil 21st instant	
London discounts 3 mos 13/16 per cent 20th instant 13/16 per cent 21st instant	
London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 20th instant 3/4 per cent 21st instant	
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.	
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.	
Money—Call 1/4 per cent.	
3 mos 1 per cent.	
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.	
Tone—Easy.	

READY COTTON MARKET CLOSED

The Sewri Ready Cotton market will remain entirely closed on 24th, 25th, 26th, 28th, 31st December and 1st January 1936.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 23	
Bengal Superfine	127
Bengal Fine	127
C P 1 Fine	205/206
C P 2 Fine	205/206
Arvi Fine	217
Ellichpur Fine	217
Berar Fine	198/199
Khamgaon Fine	209
Mulkapur Fine	209
Khandesh Fine	190/193
Khanna/Sella Fine	202
Burwah/Sanand Fine	195/198
Mathia Fine	194
Punjab/American	244/249
Sindh-American	244/249
Amboia	254/259
Cambodia 2nd crop	259/264
Compta Good	239/244
Western	364/366
Kampala	361/363
Basoga	344/347
Jinja	331/334
New Manza	331/334

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Dec. 23	
In full-pressed bales	21-12-35 This year.
Khandesh	3,164
Central India	1,610
Barani and Nagar	679
Hyderabad Gaurani	66
Berar	812
Central Provinces	12,836
Total Oomras	6,958
Dholera	1,728
N W Provinces	104
Rajputana	62
Sind-Punjab	1,100
Broach	1,100
Compta and Dharwar	3
Western-Northern	206
Cocanada	3
Tinnevely and Cam-	6,531
body	8
Persian	8,771
American and African	78,413
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	460
Total	11,002

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 20th December 13,984 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935 485,350 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 324,294 bales
Increase 161,256 bales

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Dec. 23	
F P Bales	1935-36 1934-35
Receipts to date	21-12-35
21-12-35	538,700
21-12-35	350,000
Exports to date	21-12-35
21-12-35	325,400
21-12-35	337,000
Stock at Ports	20-12-35
20-12-35	283,000
Stock at Interior	20-12-35
20-12-35	137,000
Stock at Liverpool	20-12-35
20-12-35	90,200
Visible Supply	20-12-35
20-12-35	682,800
Quantity in sight	20-12-35
20-12-35	890,700
Quantity out of sight	20-12-35
20-12-35	512,000

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Dec. 23	
Wheat	3,057 cwt.
Linedseed	8,505 cwt.
Rape, Rai and Mustard	9 cwt.
Gingellyseed	1,368 cwt.
Poppyseed	7 cwt.
Groundnuts	27,896 cwt.
Castorseed	553 cwt.
Rice	15,846 cwt.
Myrabollams	4,146 cwt.
Cottonseed	9,460 cwt.
Gram	424 cwt.
Joowar	308 cwt.
Barley	3 cwt.
Bajree	1,569 cwt.
Cool	12,338 tons.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

BETTER OUTLOOK

Wheat Rs. 2-9-3. Maha Rs. 2-9-9. Jeth Rs. 2-11. Markets looks high because production in Argentina this year is 30 lakhs tons while 74 lakhs tons last year and 67 lakhs tons in 1933 and the existing stocks in India markets are smaller than last year. Ready demand in United Provinces and Punjab again increasing and there is lack of rain in southern and western Punjab.

BOMBAY COTTON

Following a rise of 9 points in

New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/12 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 219/ on improved demand. There was scarcity of offerings and the undertone of the market was good as the recent heavy liquidation has improved the technical position of the market. The Broach cotton crops has suffered owing to insect damage and unless we pass through the cold season, it will be too early to count on a fair yield.

Later on prices advanced to Rs. 219/4 but declined to Rs. 218/8. The Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 4 points but opened only 2 points up and prices in the local market eased off to Rs. 218/2. Later on Liverpool was 3 points up and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 218/12. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as usual.

Broach A/M	218/8
Oomra D/J	200
Oomra March	198/4
Bengal D/J	148
Bengal March	145

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IMPRESSIVE DEMAND FOR SILVER

Investors And States Support

Bombay, Dec. 23.

There is a decided change in the general sentiment in the local silver market and there are signs of confidence returning.

Uncountry investors are freely buying ready silver and some Indian States are reported buying silver for holding purposes. Daily offtake is about 800 bars and some local operators are also supporting the market and this morning some 400 bars of actual silver were bought at Rs. 53/12.

There exists some difference of opinion regarding the sale of tendered silver against Maggar delivery and the auction sale is to take place but it is understood that an amicable settlement will be arrived at as after all it is a question of businessmen and silver operators being too clever will avoid any unpleasant result as they are eager to get through the "Valan" and it appears that spirit of accommodation and co-operation will save the market.

The Gold market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover. Later on there was auction of about 800 bars of Silver, not taken up by buyers against Maggar delivery and all these bars found buyers between Rs. 53/4 and Rs. 54.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1935

JUPITER
GENERALcan be consulted by the
insuring public on all
occasions and for all
insurances. J6Handicaps To Birth-
Control MovementMrs. Sanger Complains Of Lack
Of Contact Between Men
And Women

Mrs. Margaret Sanger giving her impressions of her interview with Mahatma Gandhi said that he seemed to have an inner vision of his own, on whose guidance he chiefly relied. He had told her that he was open to conviction. But he appeared to be influenced by what he considered the inner light, as against reason. This attitude was a little puzzling.

She believed that many young men and women did not agree with Gandhi on the methods of Birth Control.

But Mahatma seemed as little perturbed as ever. In fact, he told Mrs. Sanger, that he did not want that people should follow him at all. If they followed him, it was due to their faith in what he had said or done.

Mrs. Margaret Sanger, pioneer of the Birth Control movement in America, who has been touring India for the last few weeks, has returned to Bombay from Northern India. She saw Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, with whom she had discussions on Birth Control.

Mrs. Sanger told a "Chronicle" representative that from what she was able to gather in her tours, she found a lack of sympathetic understanding of women's problems by men.

Men in India seemed to live in an atmosphere of their own, with little contact with women. There did not exist, it appeared to her, that spirit of mutual sympathy and recognition of each other's problems.

Artificial Atmosphere

When she questioned men about Birth Control they told her that it was primarily women, whose willingness should be sought. While, on the other hand, women expressed much interest in the movement, but were particular about ascertaining the opinion of men.

Even at meetings, which Mrs. Sanger addressed there was a sort of artificiality in keeping women aloof and women had to hold exclusive meetings to discuss the question in its intimate aspects.

Mrs. Sanger hoped that this state of affairs would soon end and there would be a closer sympathy of interest between men and women of India as in other advanced countries.

Most Beautiful Women.

Referring to the propagation of Birth Control in the rural areas, Mr. Sanger said that the time was opportune as India was just now beginning to extend the Public Health programme into villages and small towns. To carry the knowledge and practice of Birth Control did not involve a terrific cost.

She found that Indian women were the most beautiful among all the races in the world. There was a grace and charm in their faces, no matter what their status. Even among the poor classes living in chawls she found exceptional beauty.

"With Birth Control going hand

in hand with Public Health programme," she observed, "you will build constructively and create sound conditions and a healthy population."

First Step for New Social Order.

Asked whether Birth Control movement could substantially contribute to the creation of a new social order, Mrs. Sanger replied, "I look upon Birth Control as a part of a programme for any social order."

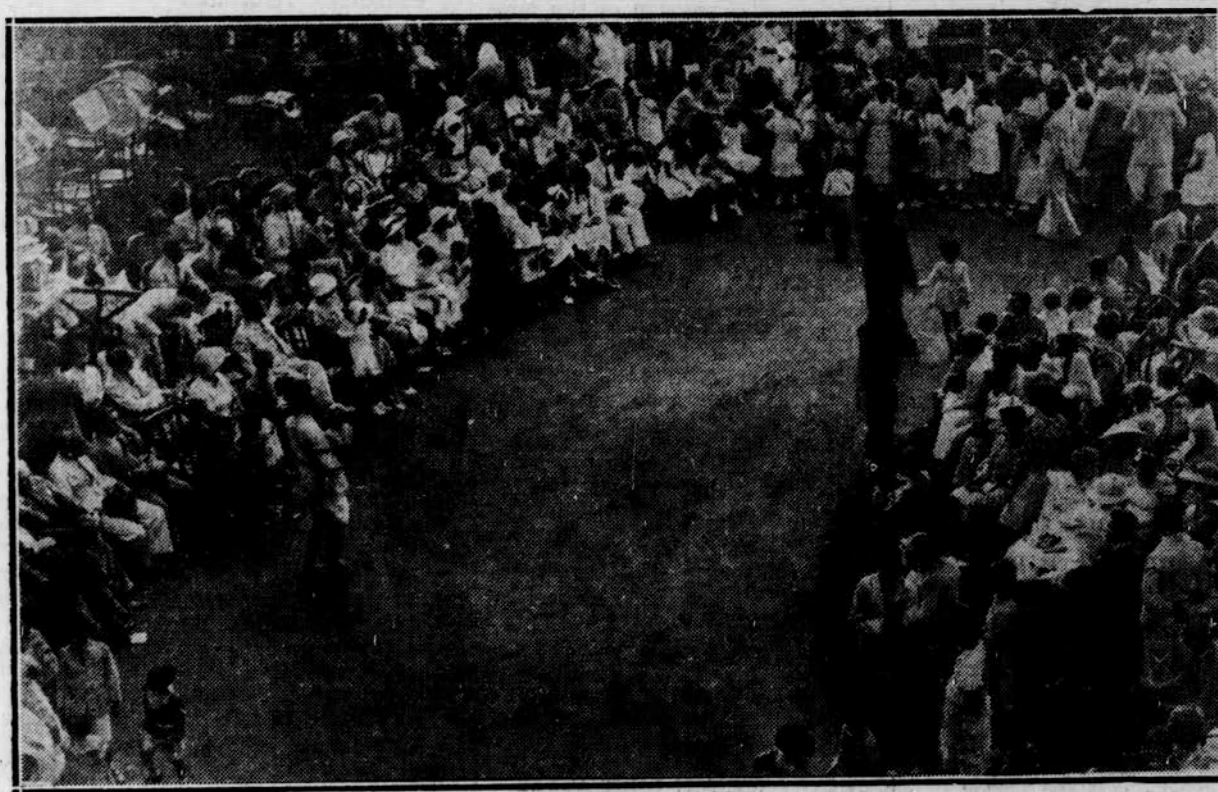
"It is one of the immediate and most important steps in the building up and maintaining a social structure. The same principle applies to the economic struggle. It is the men and women who are free to give their lives, their brains, their abilities and intelligence, who are assets to a movement and not a drag and burden to society."

Mahatma's Views.

Mrs. Sanger said she met Mahatma. Both were agreed on the principles of Birth Control, but the divergence of views on the practical methods remained.

Dr. Tagore, she said, always agreed with her school of thought. While continence was the ideal state that could be wished for, he felt, that it would be unfair to thousands of women and children to make them go through the suffering until that state was reached.

Mrs. Sanger will be leaving Bombay on December 25, for Trivandrum to attend the All-India Women's Conference.



X'mas at Victoria Terminus (Bori Bunder Station). Photo shows children waiting for their X'mas gift and prizes in X'mas Sports held on Saturday evening.

INTERNATIONAL
FELLOWSHIP

Federation To Meet At
Wardha On Dec. 27

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 23. The Federation of the International Fellowship are having their annual sessions at Wardha according to an engagement fixed up before Gandhi's illness. Two or three months ago, the Secretary Mr. Paul requested Gandhi to attend their Sessions which were originally fixed to be held at Madura. There were on their agenda, "Conversion" and other important items, and they were keen on having Gandhi to address them.

Gandhi expressed his inability to go to Madura, but said he would gladly attend the sessions if they were held at Wardha. The Sessions were thereupon fixed to be held at Wardha. There after came a sudden breakdown in Gandhi's health and the doctors strongly advised him to have the Fellowship sessions postponed or held elsewhere.

ORIGINAL PROGRAMME.

But Gandhi was anxious not to disturb the engagement already fixed and insisted on Mr. Mahadev Desai's telling Mr. Paul that although Gandhi would not be able to attend the Sessions, they must be held in Wardha.

Mr. Paul decided to adhere to the original programme and the members' intimations of the dates of their arrival are already coming in. The sessions begin on 27th and end on 31st December. In view of Gandhi's health the members will neither stay nor meet Gandhi at Maganwadi, but will be Seth Jamnadas Bajaj's guests throughout their stay.

Jamnadas has put up a special Shamiana and tent for their accommodation and meeting. Gandhi is still on bed and though he is progressing there is no likelihood of his being able to attend the sessions.—United Press.

TRAINING OF
GANGES PROPOSED

Swift Current At Sangam
Ghat Dangerous To
Kumbh Mela

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 23. The Governor of the United Provinces' twenty-day programme concluded yesterday evening with a visit to the Kumbh Mela ground, where he discussed measures for training the river with officials. The swiftness of the Ganges current at the Sangam Ghat has been causing anxiety to the management of the Kumbh Mela.

It is stated that an emergency including of the officers concerned, including the District Magistrate, held on the Mela grounds a few days back, decided to risk a few thousand rupees for measures for training the river.

After the visit to the mela grounds, His Excellency left Allahabad for Kanadwar, Kumaon Division, for a shoot, where he spends the Christmas week, returning to Lucknow on January 3.—A. P.

Agreeing with the majority verdict of the jury, Mr. R. B. Becket, District and Sessions Judge, Delhi, convicted Kehar Singh, a Harijan in connection with the murder of Basmahwar Nath, a money-lender, and attempted murder of the brother of the deceased, and sentenced him to death.

RAJEN BABU
FOR BOMBAY

Will Arrive In City On
Thursday Morning

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 23. As his presence is required in Bombay in connection with some personal affairs, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, will now be reaching there a day earlier, that is on 26th morning.

He leaves Wardha by mail on 25th evening and stays in Bombay till 29th evening.—United Press.

ARRAH FELICITATES
CONGRESS

Municipality's Resolution

ARRAH, Dec. 23. At a meeting of the Arrah Municipality held here, Thakur Rajkumar Singh moved the following resolution:

"Resolved that the Arrah Municipal Board places on record its deep and sincere felicitations on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress."

The resolution was seconded by Babu Radha Mohan Singh, M.L.C. and passed unanimously.

Thakur Rajkumar Singh moved another resolution:—

"That permission be accorded to the Congress Jubilee Sub-Committee to use space on the Municipal roads and streets for the purposes of decoration, without blocking the necessary traffic."

The resolution was seconded by Babu Sidheswar Prasad and passed unanimously.—United Press.

AHMEDABAD SHOP-
SERVANTS' FLIGHT

(From A Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 20. Under the auspices of Ahmedabad Shop Assistant Association a meeting of the servants of different bazars was held yesterday in Sankdi Sheri, Mr. Indulal K. Yajnik presiding.

Mr. Yajnik said, he was glad to see this movement but the attendance at the meeting was not satisfactory. "The beginning of each and every function is a hard task but you should overcome it with patience and perseverance. You must be awakened for demanding your legitimate rights and if you all unite in this Association there is no power in the world to come in way of your progress."

At this point Government Labour Officer in Ahmedabad who was invited by the secretaries, came to the meeting.

About a dozen servants of different bazars narrated their difficulties regarding time, payment, holiday extra night work etc. A hotel boy described the difficulties which the hotel boys have generally to undergo.

Mr. Gandhi, secretary narrated details of the work of the Association.

Mr. Indulal Yajnik, Mr. Bhagvanji Kapasi and others appealed to the servants to enlist as members of the Association by paying only four annas per year.

NATIONALISTS
IN PUNJAB

Conference Reaffirms Confi-
dence In M. M. Malaviya

LAHORE, Dec. 23. The Punjab Nationalist Conference held yesterday at Amritsar, Pandit Krishnakant Malaviya, M. L. A. presiding, adopted resolutions placing on record fullest confidence in the leadership of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, assuring him that the Hindus and Sikhs of Punjab would implicitly follow his lead and further recommending to Pandit Malaviya Messrs. M. S. Aney, Sarat Bose and other leaders to relax the condition of the membership of the party to the extent that the signing of the Congress creed would be sufficient for all purposes of the Party, condemning the conduct of Muslims in Lahore, and urging the recruitment of 50 per cent. Hindus and Sikhs in the police force.

FORE-TASTE OF REFORMS. Further the Conference felt that the Government had not efficiently handled the communal situation in Lahore and felt alarmed at the anti-Hind-Gurmukhi circular of the Frontier Government regarding it as the fore-taste of the new Constitution, showing how the minorities in the Muslim provinces might hope to fare under it.

The Conference also condemned the British Government for placing the Communal Award on the statute book and re-affirmed its decision to reject the new Constitution and never to accept the Communal Award on which the Constitution is based.

The Conference also criticised the Congress attitude of neutrality 'vis-a-vis' the Communal Award.—United Press.

CONSULT MEDICAL MEN. Sir J. B. Boman-Behram moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Medical Relief Committee without accepting the principle. Sir J. B. Boman-Behram said if any country wanted birth control, it was India. Medical opinion was however divided on this point. Several well-known medical men were in favour of birth control while there were equally eminent medical men who were against it. He therefore thought that the question should be properly threshed out in the Medical Committee.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia seconded the amendment.

REAL PROBLEM. Mr. Shivdas Chapsey opposed the proposition and amendment.

SOCIAL UPLIFT OF
SWEEPER MEMBERS

Building To Be Erected By
Kurla Civic Health Dept.
Co-op. Society

"The eleventh annual general meeting of the Kurla Municipality Health Dept., Co-operative Credit Society, was held on Sunday last, at Kurla. Mr. J. G. Simms, Administrator, Kurla Municipal Borough presided. Mr. G. M. S. Rane, Vice-Chairman and Mr. M. D. Gogate, Propaganda officer of the Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute were also present.

The meeting adopted the Annual Report, Statement of Accounts and elected new committee members. A resolution regarding the erection of a building near the sweeper quarters, out of the funds of the Society, to carry on social uplift work for the benefit of the sweeper members was unanimously passed.

Messrs. Rane and Gogate strongly supported the utility of such a building for the betterment and also requested the members to take advantage of a grain shop which the Administrator is contemplating to start.

The president gave "Poshak" to two members who are completely out of debts.

BIRTH CONTROL ADVICE
IN CIVIC CLINICSCorporation Calls For Expert
Advice Through Medical
Relief Committee

The resolution of Mr. M. R. Masani regarding Birth Control was agreed to in an amended form by the Municipal Corporation on Monday by a snap majority of one vote. The Corporation refused to accept the principle of Birth Control but wanted to have expert advice of medical men in the City through the Medical Relief Committee.

Mrs. Howe Martyn and Mrs. Sanger with Dr. Pillay and a few ladies heard the debate from the Corporation Hall with keen interest. There was no demonstration of any kind except the fact that the visitors heard the speeches of both sides with considerable interest.

Mr. M. R. Masani moved that the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee be requested to prepare and submit to the Corporation a plan for the provision of free information and instruction in methods of Birth Control in the existing Municipal Hospitals and dispensaries or in clinics established for the purpose.

Mr. Masani in moving his proposition said his resolution was only permissive and in no way enforced compulsion. It only permitted to infuse the knowledge on birth control to those women who desired information on the same. He did not wish the Corporation to discuss the methods of birth control as that would be done by the Medical Committee but by passing the resolution they would only endorse the principle of birth control. As a Socialist, he did not believe that birth control would solve India's economic problem which to his mind was due to several political and economic factors but he thought that owing to the grinding poverty of the country there should be some restriction of births. He cited from Government blue book to show that Indian population was increasing by two and half millions a year. In Bombay city the infant mortality was 240 out of every 1,000 in the first year. Considering all these circumstances, he submitted, if birth control were utilised, it would save infant mortality, mortality among mothers and other economic loss consequent on these calamities.

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole seconded the proposition and said though his resolution on birth control some time ago was negatived in the House, he felt assured that the proposition moved by Mr. Masani would be passed this time as public opinion was in its favour.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh supported the proposition and said in spite of the Sharda Act thousands of children in India were married in childhood with the result that they produced children at an early age and more children than western countries.

At this stage closure was moved and the amendment of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was put to vote and declared carried by the casting vote of the Mayor, viz: 25 against 26. A poll was demanded and resulted in 26 votes for the amendment and 26 against it. Sir J. B. Boman-Behram's amendment was then put to vote and declared carried by show of hands. It was also carried as a substantive proposition. Again a poll was demanded and was declared carried by 30 votes against 29.

The Corporation then adjourned till 6th January.

The annual session of the Bengal Provincial Conference which was fixed for 28th December has been postponed indefinitely owing to the Congress Jubilee celebrations.

INTERESTED PROPAGANDA. Prof. A. Soares opposed the proposition and amendment and said no expert medical opinion was necessary except an appeal to commonsense. The medical men of the Corporation were not experts on the question of birth control. He asked, "Who are the real interested parties in birth control?" The "Trade," he replied. Five millions of appliances of birth control were manufactured in America every week and they wanted some avenue to dispose of this huge quantity. In consequence, they engaged people to go from country to country to speak on birth control that their goods may be sold off. Now agents are sent as far as India and the Far East. The other protagonists were the Capitalists who were supported by Socialists on humanitarian grounds and thus unconsciously played in their hands.

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EXPENSE INCURRED
BY COURT WITNESS

Journalist Gets Rs. 10-9
From Secretary
Of State

LAHORE, Dec. 19. A suit brought by Pandit Pyare Mohan Dattatreya, Assistant Editor of the "Tribune," against the Secretary of State-in-Council for recovery of Rs. 10-9 was decided to-day by the Judge of the Small Causes Court in favour of the former.

The case arose over the alleged inadequate payment made to the plaintiff by the Sialkot Magistrate's Court towards expenses incurred by him in appearing in response to summons as a witness in the Court.

It was claimed on behalf of the plaintiff that he was entitled to the full amount of expenses incurred by him. On behalf of the defendant, it was held that the witness was not entitled to demand the expenses and also that it was not a civil suit.

The Court held it was a civil suit and that the suit was maintainable and decided in favour of the plaintiff.

The parties were further ordered to bear their own costs.

Capt. P. R. T. Burn has been employed on special duty as Assistant to the Claims Commissioner in Baluchistan.

MR. B. K. BOSE DEAD

Bengal Lawyer Who At-
tended First Congress
Session

CALCUTTA, Dec. 23. The death has occurred this morning, of Mr. Basanta Kumar Bose, senior-most vakil Calcutta High Court, and one of Bengal's Delegates to the first Congress Session in Bombay, President Bengal Provincial Congress Committee for many years and the oldest living Graduate of Calcutta University.

The cremation at Keoratala was attended by High Court Judges, members of the Bar, and other distinguished people.—A. P.

MRS. NAIDU COMING
TO BOMBAY

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Dec. 21. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, who has been seriously ill for sometime past and who recently underwent a nasal operation, is still keeping indifferent health.

Despite this, however, she leaves this place for Bombay on the 24th instant to participate in the Golden Jubilee celebrations of the Congress as one of the former Presidents of that body. She has, however, been strictly cautioned by doctors completely to refrain from unnecessary physical exertion.

VICEROY SENDS X'MAS
GREETINGS TO KING

(VICEROY'S HOUSE.)
CALCUTTA, Dec. 23. The following telegrams have been exchanged between His Excellency the Viceroy and His Majesty the King:—

From His Excellency the Viceroy to His Majesty the King dated December 21, 1935: "On behalf of the Princes and the people of India I respectfully send your Majesty our best, sincere and loyal good wishes for Christmas and the coming year."

From His Majesty the King to His Excellency the Viceroy, dated December 21, 1935: "I sincerely thank you for the kind message of good wishes which you have addressed to me on behalf of the Princes and people of India."

Mr. Wuresh Chandra Majumdar who is at present in charge of the Bengal Congress affairs in view of the suspension of the Calcutta Congress Committee has gone to Wardha to meet Mr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, in connection with the Bengal Congress dispute.

At meetings of the Jodhpur Arya Samaj and the New Delhi Hindu Sabha resolutions were adopted emphatically protesting against the Government circular banning Hindi Gurmukhi as the medium of instruction in the educational institutions of the North-West Frontier Province.